Fox Thermal Instruments, Inc.

THERMAL MASS FLOW METER & TEMPERATURE TRANSMITTER





www.foxthermalinstruments.com | 399 Reservation Road Marina, CA. 93933



Notice

This publication must be read in its entirety before performing any operation. Failure to understand and follow these instructions could result in serious personal injury and/or damage to the equipment. Should this equipment require repair or adjustment beyond the procedures given herein, contact the factory at:

> FOX THERMAL INSTRUMENTS, INC. 399 RESERVATION ROAD MARINA, CA 93933 TELEPHONE: 831-384-4300 FAX: 831-337-5787 EMAIL: SERVICE@FOXTHERMALINSTRUMENTS.COM

Download Technical Data Sheets from our website: www.foxthermalinstruments.com

Fox Thermal Instruments believes that the information provided herein is accurate; however, be advised that the information contained herein is NOT a guarantee for satisfactory results. Specifically, this information is neither a warranty nor guarantee, expressed or implied, regarding performance, merchantability, fitness, or any other matter with respect to the products; nor recommendation for the use of the product/process information in conflict with any patent. Please note that Fox Thermal Instruments, Inc. reserves the right to change and/or improve the product design and specification without notice.



Fox FT1 Manuals: • Fox FT1 View[™] Manual

All Fox Manuals and software available in English only.



Table Of Contents

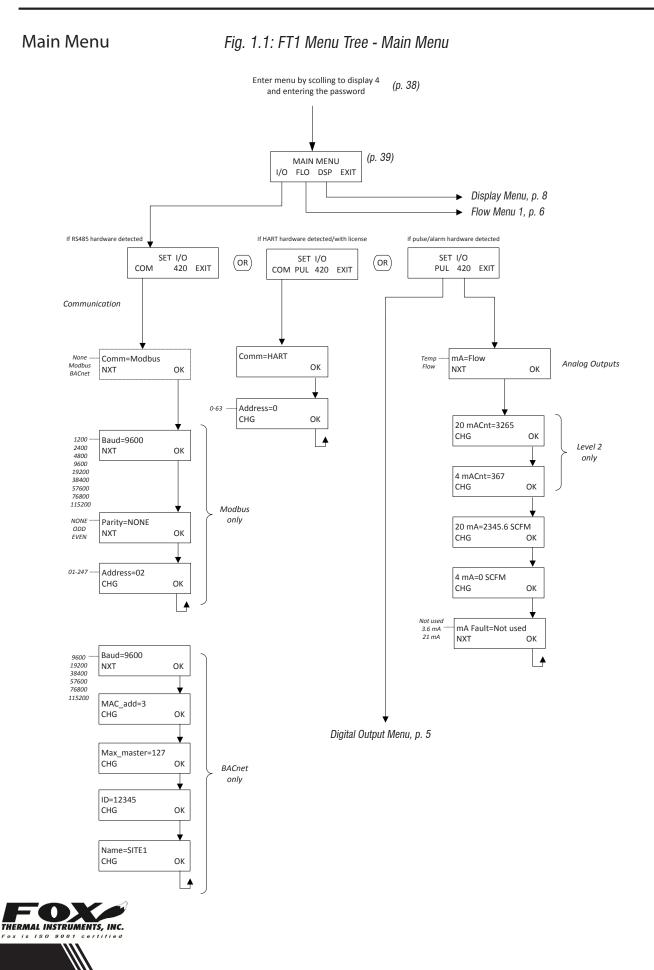
1. Introduction	Page 4
a. Menu Trees	Page 4
b. Quick Start Guide	Page 12
2. Installation (Mechanical)	Page 16
a. Installation Depth	Page 18
b. Orientation of Flowmeter	Page 19
c. Rotating the Probe/Enclosure	Page 19
d. Changing the Orientation of the Display	Page 27
e. Mounting Instructions	Page 21
3. Wiring (Electrical)	Page 26
a. General Wiring	Page 28
b. Input Power	Page 28
c. Signal Wiring	Page 29
d. Pulse/Alarm Wiring (optional feature)	Page 31
e. RS485 Wiring: Modbus RTU or BACnet MS/TP (optional feature)	Page 33
f. HART wiring	Page 34
4. Operation (Standard Operation)	Page 36
a. Start Up	Page 36
b. Programming	Page 38
c. Zero CAL-CHECK [®]	Page 54
d. Gas-SelectX [®]	Page 58
5. Communication Protocols	Page 63
a. RS485 Modbus RTU	Page 63
b. BACnet MS/TP	Page 71
c. HART	Page 75
6. Maintenance	Page 80
a. Precautions	Page 80
b. General	Page 81
c. Troubleshooting	Page 86
7. Appendices	Page 91
a. Specifications	Page 91
b. Agency Approvals	Page 93
c. Dimensions	Page 94
d. Warranty	Page 95
e. Returning your meter	Page 97
8. Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Page 98
9. Index	Page 99

Model FT1

|||



Introduction: Menu Trees



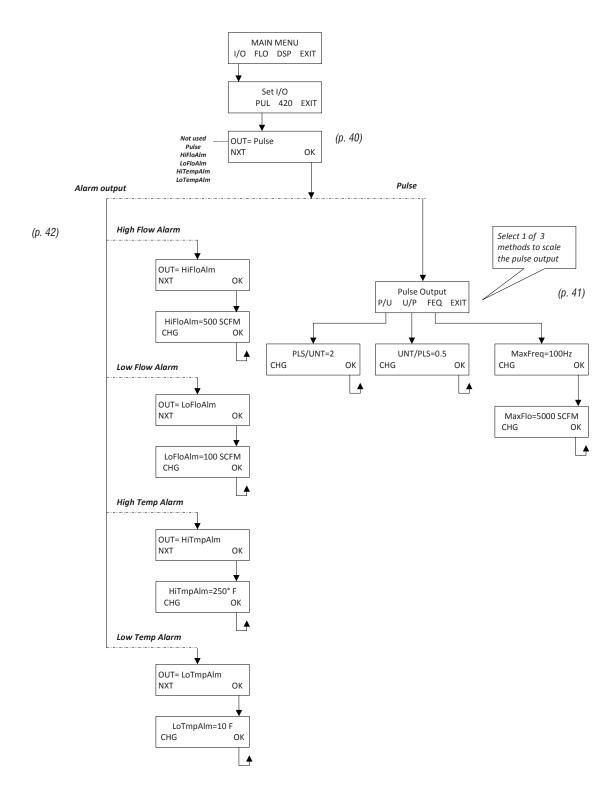
4



Introduction: Menu Trees

Digital Output

Fig. 1.2: FT1 Menu Tree - Digital Output



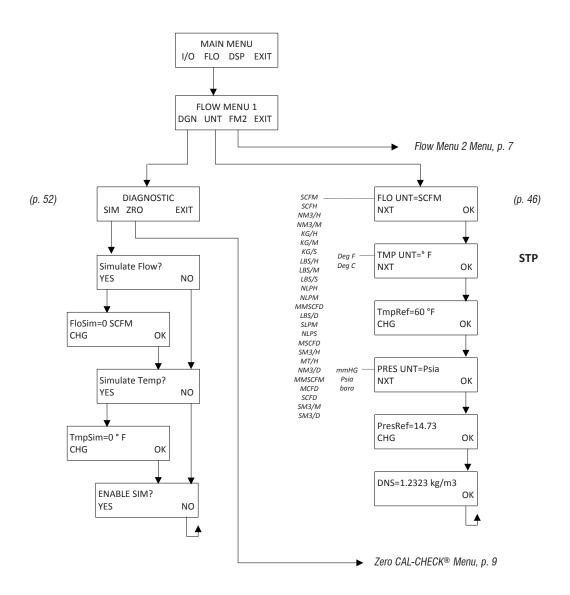
(See Flow Menu 2, p. 7, for more alarm settings)

INTRODUCTION



Flow Menu 1

Fig. 1.3: FT1 Menu Tree - Flow Menu 1



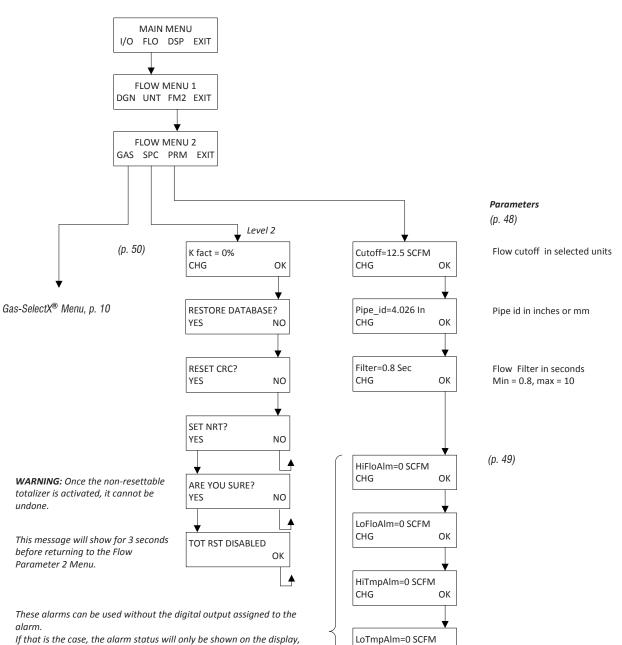


THERMAL INSTRUMENTS, INC.



Flow Menu 2

Fig. 1.4: FT1 Menu Tree - Flow Menu 2



CHG

ОК

4

If that is the case, the alarm status will only be shown on the display, through serial communication or FT1 View. If the digital output is assigned to an alarm, changing the value here will

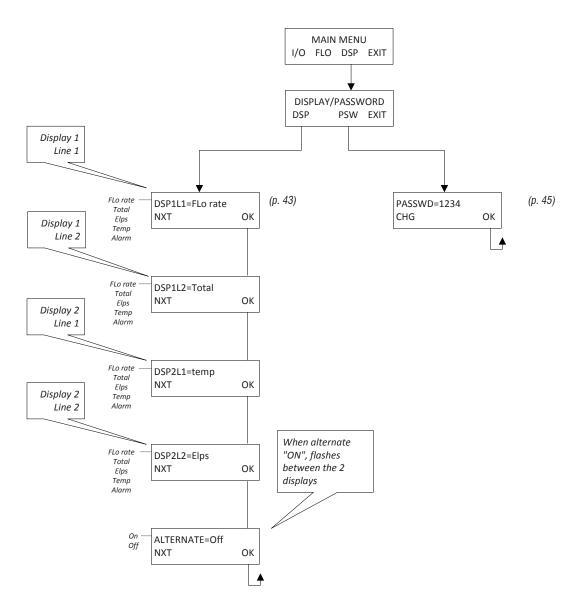
if the algital output is assigned to an alarm, changing the value here will change that setting.



Introduction: Menu Trees



Fig. 1.5: FT1 Menu Tree - Display Menu



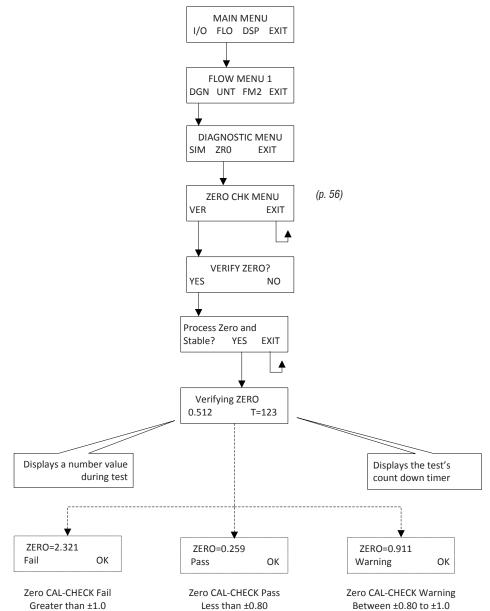
Note: All readings updated every second

- Flo Rate = Flow rate of process gas
- Total = Total flow of process gas
- Elps = Elapsed time since reset of flow total
- Temp = Temperature of process gas
- Alarm = Notification of errors; diagnostic errors



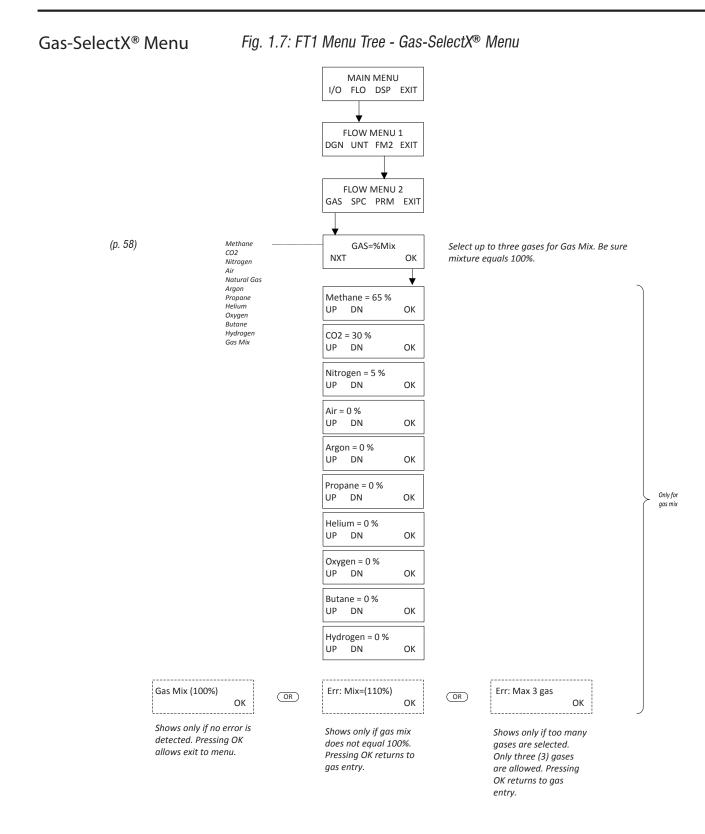


Zero CAL-CHECK® Menu Fig. 1.6: FT1 Menu Tree - Zero CAL-CHECK® Menu





Introduction: Menu Trees



The most recent list of available gases can be found on the Fox website: www.foxthermalinstruments.com



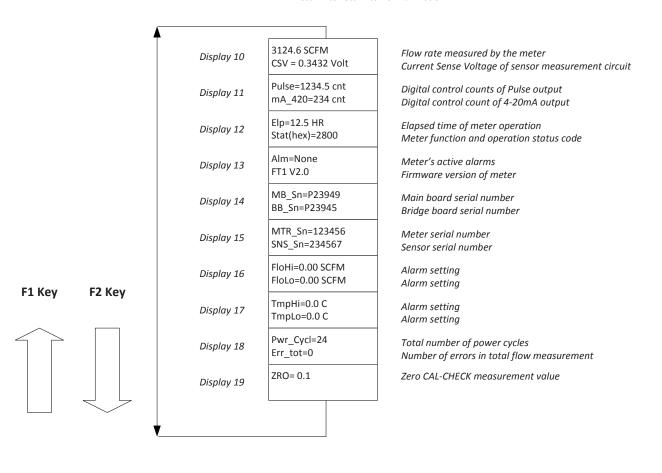
10



Engineering Display

Fig. 1.8: FT1 Menu Tree - Engineering Display

Enter: Press F1 & F2 at the same time Press F4 to return to normal mode

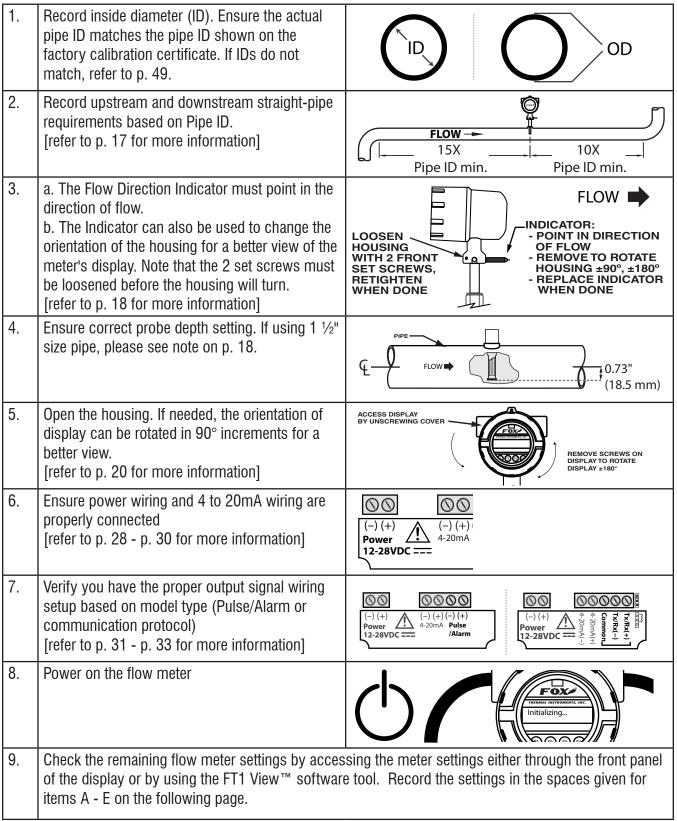


F3 & F4 pressed at the same time will initiate a "Total" reset

Model FT1

Introduction: Quick Start Guide

Use the table and images below as a guide while using the worksheet on the next page to record your notes. **NOTE:** Please read the entire Quick-start procedure before beginning installation.







Introduction: Quick Start Guide

Before powering on your meter, use this worksheet to record your notes.

		Serial Number:	Serial Number:	Serial Number:	Serial Number:
	Item to verify				
1.	What is the Pipe ID?	ID =	ID =	ID =	ID =
2.	Calculate the Upstream/ Downstream straight-pipe requirements	UP = DN =	UP = DN =	UP = DN =	UP = DN =
3.	a. Is the flow indicator pointed in direction of flow? b. Must the housing be rotated for easy viewing?	Y/N Y/N	Y/N Y/N	Y/N Y/N	Y / N Y / N
4.	Is the probe depth setting correct?	Y/N	Y / N	Y / N	Y / N
5.	Have you rotated the display for easier viewing?	Y/N	Y / N	Y / N	Y/N
6.	Verify proper power wiring setup				
7.	Verify proper output wiring setup				
After powering on your meter, check items A - E below by accessing the meter settings either through the front panel of the meter's display or by using the FT1 View [™] software tool.					
Δ.	set in meter? (SCFM, KG/H, etc)				
В.	Correct values for reference temperature and pressure?	Y / N	Y / N	Y / N	Y / N
C.	Confirm the pipe ID listed above same as "Pipe_id="				
D.	Verify the 4mA and 20mA meter settings	4mA = 20mA =	4mA = 20mA =	4mA = 20mA =	4mA = 20mA =
E.	Confirm the correct gas is selected for your application in the Gas-SelectX [®] menu				

Your Notes:

If you are experiencing any problems after completing this procedure, please call the Fox Service Department at 831-384-4300 to review this information.



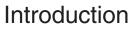
Introduction

Welcome	Thank you for purchasing the Model FT1 Thermal Gas Mass Flow Meter from Fox Thermal Instruments. The Model FT1 is one of the most technically advanced flow meters in the world. Extensive engineering effort has been invested to deliver advanced features, accurate measurement performance and outstanding reliability.
	This Instruction Manual contains the electrical and mechanical installation instructions as well as details for programming, maintaining and troubleshooting the meter. This manual is divided into the following sections: Introduction, Installation, Wiring, Operation, Maintenance, Troubleshooting, Appendices, Glossary and Index.
Product Description	Theory of Operation The Model FT1 is an innovative Thermal Mass Gas Flow Meter and Temperature Transmitter. It is microprocessor-based and field programmable. The FT1 thermal sensor operates on the law that gases absorb heat. A heated sensor placed in an air or gas stream transfers heat in proportion to the stream's mass velocity. There are two sensor elements. One sensor element detects the gas temperature and a second element is maintained at a constant temperature above the gas temperature. The energy transferred from the heated element is proportional to the mass flow velocity. The FT1 flow meter maintains accurate flow measurement over a large temperature and pressure range.
Mass Flow	Mass Flow The Model FT1 measures mass flow; an advantage over other flow meters which measure volumetric flow rate. Volumetric flow is incomplete because temperature and pressure are unknown and must be measured separately. For example, the mass flow of a gas depends on its temperature and pressure. As temperature and pressure changes, the gas volume changes but not its mass. Therefore a device measuring mass flow is independent of temperature and pressure changes. The Model FT1 provides a direct measurement of gas flow in Mass units (kg/hr, lb/hr), standard units (SCFM, SLPM) or normal units (NM3/hr, NLPM) with no additional temperature or pressure measurements required.
Flow Calibration	Flow Calibration The Fox Calibration Lab maintains instrument calibration data on every flow meter. Calibration files include details on process conditions, customer gas, line size and other information. All NIST-traceable equipment utilized for the calibration procedure is identified on the Calibration Certificate, which is sent with every flow meter.
DDC-Sensor™ Technology	DDC-Sensor [™] Technology Description The 2nd Generation Fox DDC-Sensor [™] is a new state of the art sensor technology used in the Fox Model FT1 Thermal Gas Flow Meter. The DDC-Sensor [™] , a Direct Digitally Controlled sensor, is unlike other thermal flow sensors available on the market. Instead of using traditional analog circuitry, the DDC-Sensor [™] is interfaced directly to the FT1 microprocessor for more speed and programmability. The DDC-Sensor [™] quickly and accurately responds to changes in process variables by utilizing the microprocessor to determine mass flow rate, totalized flow, and temperature.

THERMAL INSTRUMENTS, INC. 14 Fox is ISO 9001

certified

Model FT1



Fox's DDC-Sensor[™] provides a technology platform for calculating accurate gas correlations. The FT1 correlation algorithms allow the meter to be calibrated on a single gas in the factory while providing the user the ability to select other gases in the Gas-SelectX[®] gas menu. Fox's Model FT1 with its DDC-Sensor[™] and state-of-the-art correlation algorithms provide an accurate, multi-gas-capable thermal gas flow meter.

I/O Description I/O Description

The FT1 features a galvanically isolated 4 to 20mA analog output with HART communication option and a second output for pulse, RS485 Modbus RTU or BACnet MS/TP. There is also a USB port for interfacing with a laptop or computer. The 4 to 20mA output can be configured for flow rate or process gas temperature and can be scaled by the user. The pulse output can be used for pulse or alarm, is programmable to represent flow rate and can be scaled for maximum flow/maximum frequency, units-per-pulse or pulse-per-units. The maximum frequency is 100 Hz.

FT1 View[™] interfaces to the USB port and is a free PC-based software program that displays flow meter readings and permits flow meter configuration. The software is available for download on the Fox website. Industry standard communication options are available including optional RS485 Modbus RTU, BACnet MS/TP, or HART.

Display FT1 Functional Diagram

An on-board 2 line x 16 character backlit LCD display shows flow rate, total flow, elapsed time, process gas temperature, and alarms. The display is also used in conjunction with the Configuration Panel for field configuration of flow meter settings such as 4 to 20mA scaling, frequency output scaling, pipe area, zero flow cutoff, flow filtering or dampening, display configurations, diagnostics, and alarm limits.

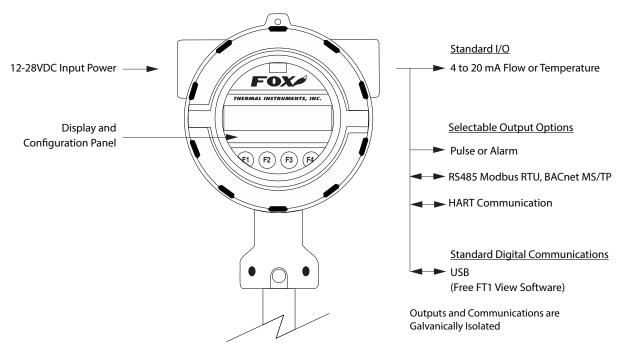


Fig. 1.9: FT1 Function Diagram



Installation: General

Installation - Model FT1 Flow Meter

Scope

This section describes how to install the Fox Model FT1 Flow Meter and how to get started:

- 1. Determine lateral position on the pipe
- 2. Sensor installation depth
- 3. Sensor orientation in relation to sensor length and direction of flow
- 4. Proper tightening of compression fitting for mounting meter

Installation procedures must be performed using a combination of the end user's best engineering practices, in compliance with local codes, and manufacturer's recommendations.

General Precautions

The following general precautions should be observed:

- 1. Exercise care when handling the flow meter to avoid damaging the probe, sensor or enclosure.
- 2. The enclosure cover must be closed except during installation or configuration.
- 3. Mounting FT1 in direct sunlight can cause the temperature inside the enclosure to increase beyond design limits, resulting in failure of LCD display and reduced component life. It is recommended that a sunshade be installed to avoid direct sunlight (see maximum enclosure operating temperature specification).
- 4. Ensure the flow direction indicator/pointer for the meter is in line with the direction of flow in the pipe.
- 5. Do not install the FT1 enclosure near an igniter, igniter-controller or switching equipment.
- 6. Do not install an external power supply in a cabinet containing an igniter controller or switching equipment.
- 7. For accurate flow measurement: review flow meter placement instructions before installation to ensure a proper flow profile in the pipe.
- 8. For safety reasons, Teflon ferrules are only appropriate for applications with pressures of 60 psig or less. At higher pressures, use of a Teflon ferrule risks unwanted probe movement or ejection of the probe from the pipe. For all applications above 60 psig, the standard stainless steel ferrule is required.





Insertion Flow Meter Lateral Placement

Instructions for Insertion Flow Meter Lateral Placement

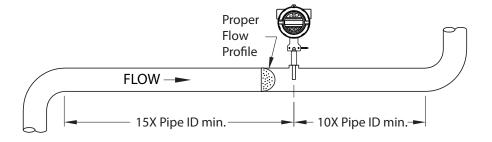
Install the Model FT1 Insertion style flow meter so that it is far enough away from bends in the pipe, obstructions, or changes in line sizes to ensure a consistent flow profile. Fifteen diameters of straight pipe upstream and ten downstream are required.

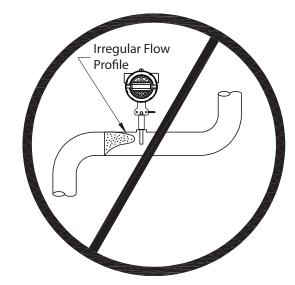
For example, a 2" pipe would require 30" upstream and 20" downstream, but a 4" pipe would require 60" upstream and 40" downstream.



NOTE: The probe diameter is $\frac{3}{4}$ ".

Fig. 2.1: Upstream and Downstream Pipe IDs for Insertion Meters







NOTE: An irregular flow profile may affect sensor accuracy.

Special Conditions of Use:

- Consult the manufacturer if dimensional information on the flameproof joints is necessary.
- The flamepaths of the equipment are not intended to be repaired. Consult the manufacturer if repair of the flamepath joints is necessary
- Follow the manufacturer's instructions to reduce the potential of an electrostatic charging hazard.

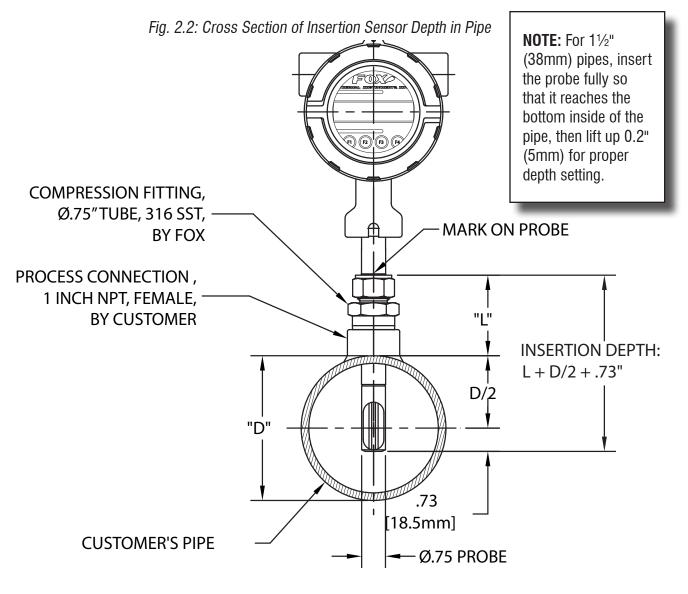


Installation: Insertion Type

Installation Depth

Installation Depth

The installation depth of the sensor in the pipe is dependent on the pipe size. To get the most accurate reading, proper placement of the sensor window within the pipe is necessary. As shown in Fig 2.2, the end of the sensor window should be 0.73" (18.5 mm) past the center line of the pipe. Review the dimensional drawing below with the following equation to calculate insertion depth: L + D/2 + .73" = insertion depth



Rotating the Enclosure

Rotating the Enclosure

The Model FT1 has been designed to allow the enclosure to rotate into four positions for optimal viewing of the display. To rotate the enclosure, first loosen the two set screws near the Flow Direction Indicator. Then unscrew and remove the Flow Direction Indicator to allow the enclosure to swivel into the desired position. Then screw the Flow Direction Indicator back into its place, ensure that it points in the direction of flow, and tighten the set screws. See figure 2.3.



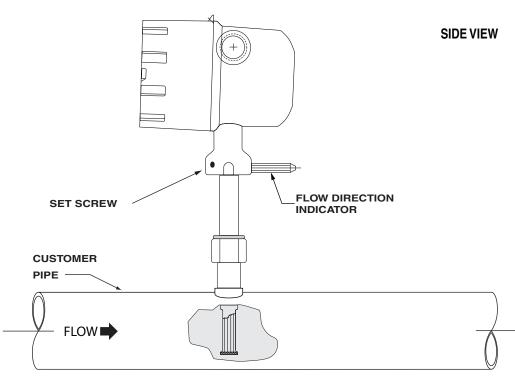


Sensor Orientation -Direction of Flow

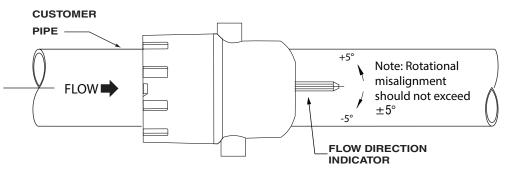
Direction of Flow and Orientation of the Probe Sensor

Install the meter with the flow direction indicator pointing in the direction of flow in the pipe. To rotate the enclosure/probe, unscrew the Flow Direction Indicator and the Set Screws, rotate the housing $\pm 90^{\circ}$ or 180° , and return the Flow Direction Indicator and Set Screws in order to secure the new placement.





TOP VIEW

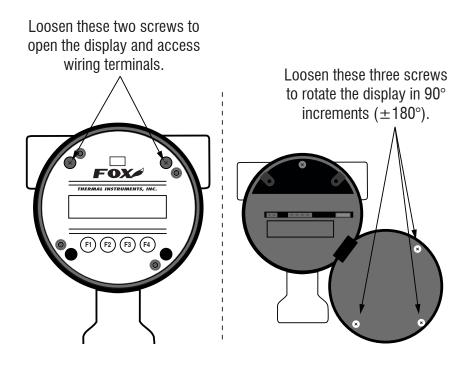


Changing Display Orientation

Changing the Orientation of the FT1 Display

The display can be rotated in 90° increments for optimal viewing of the screen. First, open the enclosure by unscrewing the enclosure cap and loosen the two captive phillips screws to open the display assembly. Detach the display board from the metal shield by loosening the three screws on the back of the round shield. Rotate the display board to the desired orientation. Ensure that the display cable is routed flat and straight through the display hinge to prevent binding. Reattach the display board to the metal shield by tightening the three screws. Close the display assembly and secure it to the enclosure with the two captive screws. Finally, install the enclosure cover back on the front of the enclosure.

Fig. 2.4 - Accessing Wriring Terminals or Rotating the Display





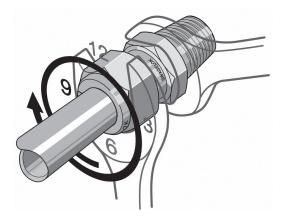


Mounting Probe Mounting Instructions - Compression Fittings

The Model FT1 is mounted through a 7/8" hole and a 1" female NPT half coupling provided in the customer's pipe. Insertion style flow meters are not designed for use in pipes smaller than $1\frac{1}{2}$ ".

- Install the compression fitting into the 1-inch female NPT half coupling.
- When installing in a 2" pipe or larger, install the end of the probe 0.73" (18.5 mm) past the center line of the pipe and tighten the compression fitting nut (refer to figure 2.2 on p. 18).
- When installing into a 1½" pipe carefully install the probe into the pipe until it touches the opposite wall and pull back 0.2". Tighten the compression fitting nut.
- While holding the fitting body steady, finger tighten the nut. Then, tighten the nut with wrenches an additional one and one-quarter (1 1/4) turn. If beginning at 6 o'clock, the wrench would make one full turn back to 6 o'clock and rest at the 9 o'clock position for proper compression. See Figure 2.5.

Fig. 2.5: Proper Tightening of the Compression Fitting Nut





CAUTION! Do not tighten compression fitting without .1" distance from wall or damage to probe will occur.

CAUTION! Once the compression fitting ferrule is locked onto the probe, the probe can be removed or rotated, but the insertion depth is locked in place.

CAUTION! If the stainless steel or teflon ferrules are not properly tightened, and/or the recommended pressure is exceeded, the ferrules can slip on the stainless steel tubing causing damage to the meter or bodily harm.



Installation: Retractor Option

Installing a Retractor

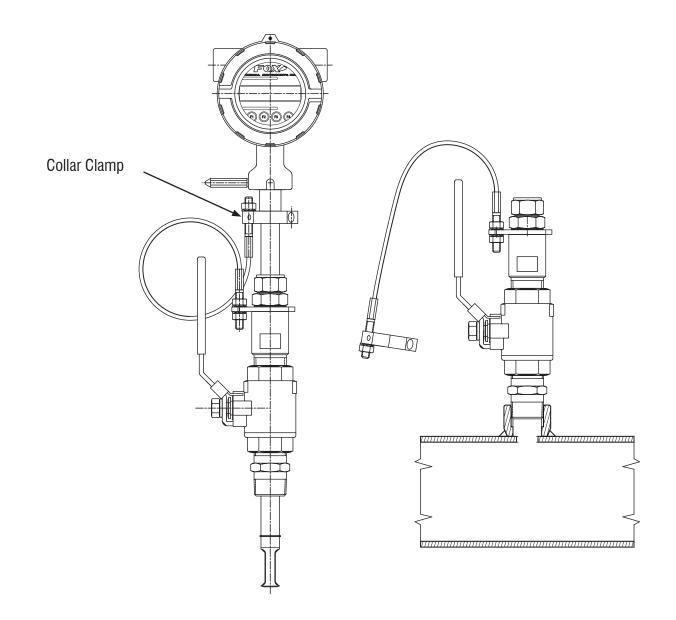


Installation of a New Retractor Assembly

NOTE: For instructions on how to properly weld the NPT female fitting onto pipe, please refer to Document #107590.

- 1. Remove collar clamp from probe using a 3/16" Hex Key.
- 2. Remove meter probe from retractor assembly and leave the ball valve open.
- 3. Install the valve assembly on the pipe, by tightening the Hex Nipple with a 1 3/8" wrench.

Fig. 2.6: Retractor Assembly With and Without Probe Inserted

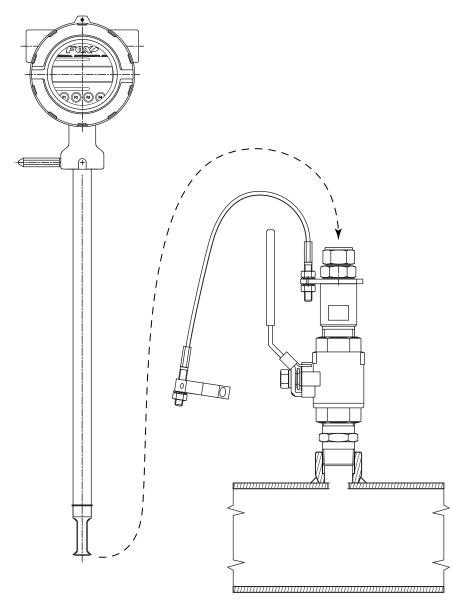






4. Insert probe into retractor assembly and pipe to verify that the probe will fit through without obstructions. Carefully slide the probe through the retractor assembly and through the hole to see if there is interference by touching the pipe wall on the far side or until the probe cannot go deeper. Remove the retractor and rework the hole, if required.

Fig. 2.7: Verify Probe Insertion



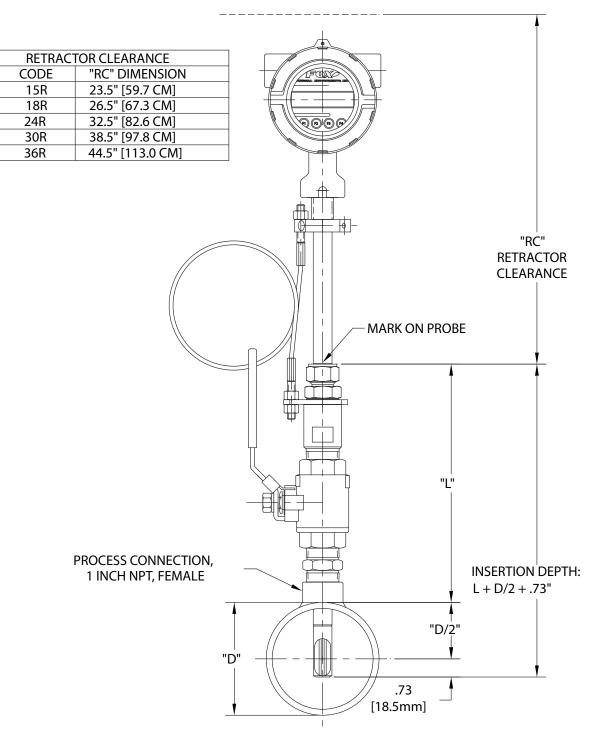
5. Remove probe from retractor assembly again.



Installation: Retractor Option

- 6. Using the equation (L + D/2 + 0.73") from Figure 2.8, calculate the insertion depth and mark on the probe while measuring from the end of the probe.
- 7. Ensure there is enough clearance to remove the meter from the retractor. See the Retractor Clearance table in Fig 2.8 for the model code of your meter.

Fig. 2.8: Determining and Marking Insertion Depth

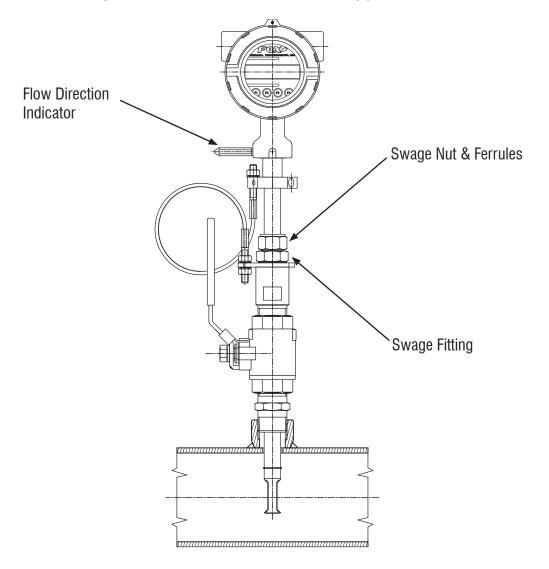




THERMAL INSTRUMENTS, INC.



- 8. Insert probe back into valve assembly to the depth mark and hand-tighten the compression fitting.
- 9. Verify that flow direction indicator is in line with pipe and in the direction of flow.



- 10. Fully tighten compression fitting (refer to "Fig. 2.5: Proper Tightening of the Compression Fitting Nut" on page 21).
- Install collar clamp back on probe just below the collar spacer. Install collar so that the cable mounting hole is in line with the mounting hole on the bracket (see image in "Fig. 2.6: Retractor Assembly With and Without Probe Inserted" on page 22).

NOTE: For instructions on how to properly remove and replace the meter from a retractor, please refer to "Instructions for Removing and Inserting the Meter from a Pressurized Pipe using the Retractor" on page 82.





Wiring: General

Wiring Instructions

To wire the FT1, unscrew and remove the enclosure cap. If the meter has the display option, loosen the two captive screws on the display assembly and rotate it open to access the wiring terminals. Connect the power and signal wires to the terminal blocks according to the label and instructions on the following pages.

Cut all wires as short as allowable for a minimum service loop. Obtain the correct length for the FT1 wires using one of these methods:

- Trim the wires to extend 2 inches out of the enclosure after the conduit and wires are routed to the FT1.
- Trim the wires to extend 5 inches from the end of the conduit before attaching them to the FT1.

Wiring Precautions - WARNING!

- Do not open the enclosure when energized or an explosive atmosphere is present.
- Connect earth ground to a chassis ground screw on the inside or outside of FT1 enclosure to reduce the potential of an electrostatic charging hazard.
- All plumbing and electrical installations of flow meters must be in compliance with local codes, the end user's best engineering practices, and manufacturer's recommendations.
- Do not install the FT1 enclosure near an igniter, igniter-controller or switching equipment to eliminate the possibility of noise interference.
- Do not install an external power supply in a cabinet containing an igniter controller or switching equipment.
- This flow meter contains components that can be damaged by static electricity. You must discharge yourself by touching a grounded steel pipe or other grounded metal prior to working inside this flow meter.
- · Close any unused conduit entries using suitably certified plugs



WIRING





Wiring: General

Power Wiring **Power Wiring**

For wiring the 12 to 28VDC power, use stranded copper wire, no larger than 16-gauge. Twisted pair shielded cable is recommended. Supply connection wiring must be rated for at least 90°C.

Grounding Grounding

The enclosure must be properly grounded with a quality earth ground. 16 gauge, stranded wire is recommended.

Signal Wiring Signal Wiring

For signal and serial communication wiring, the recommended wire gauge is 18 to 22 AWG. Always use twisted pair shielded cable.



Model FT1

Power Input Wiring Power Input Requirements: 12 to 28VDC Supply

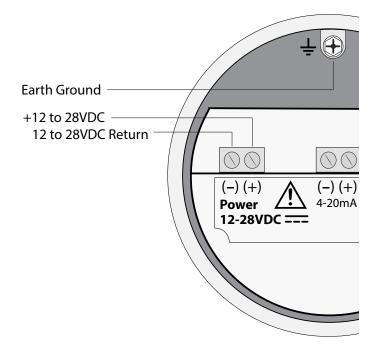
External DC power supply must provide 12 to 28VDC (10 to 30VDC full input power range) at 6 Watts minimum.

(With 12VDC power, the FT1 can use up to 500mA. With 24VDC power, the FT1 can use up to 250mA.)

A 20 Watt or greater power supply is recommended to ensure it can provide enough current under all temperature, ventilation and power on conditions.

The enclosure must be properly grounded with a quality earth ground. Sixteen (16) gauge, stranded wire, is recommended for power and earth ground.

Fig. 3.1: Connections for 12 to 28VDC Supply





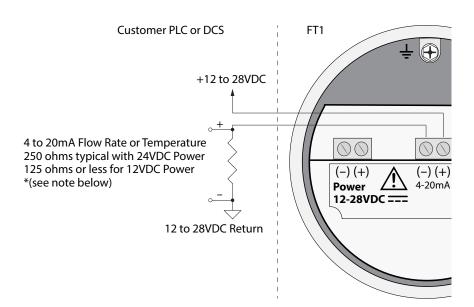
CAUTION!

• Supply connection wiring must be rated for at least 90°C.





4 to 20mA Loop
Power Provided
by Customer
(Recommended)
Fig. 3.2: 4 to 20mA Output Wiring for Customer-Supplied Power Source





NOTE:

- When using a 12 volt power supply, the load resistor on the 4 to 20mA output must be 125 ohms or less to operate properly.
- When using 24 volt power, the load resistor is typically 250 ohms. A 250 ohm resistor in the 4 to 20mA circuit will result in a 1 to 5 volt signal to the PLC or DCS.
- When using a 24 volt power supply, the load resistor on the 4 to 20mA output must be 600 ohms or less.
- Some PLC and DCS equipment have built in load resistors, please refer to the technical manuals of such equipment.

Model FT1

Model FT1

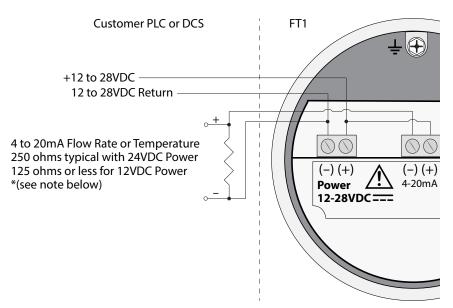
Wiring: Signal Wiring

4 to 20mA Loop Power Provided by FT1

4 to 20mA Output Wiring: Loop Power Provided by FT1

Bring the 4 to 20mA wiring in through either conduit hub. Connect the 4 to 20mA as shown in the diagram below.

Fig. 3.3: 4 to 20mA Output Wiring for Loop Power Provided by FT1





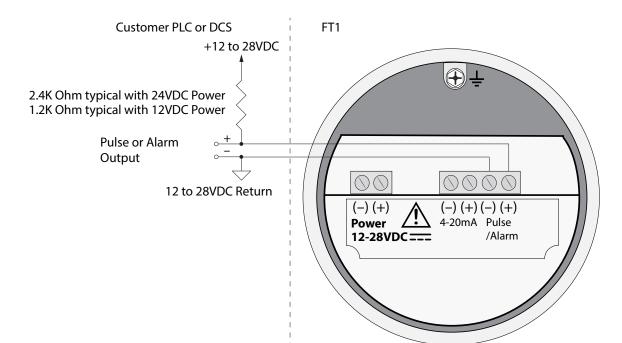
NOTE:

- When using a 12 volt power supply, the load resistor on the 4 to 20mA output must be 125 ohms or less to operate properly.
- When using 24 volt power, the load resistor is typically 250 ohms. A 250 ohm resistor in the 4 to 20mA circuit will result in a 1 to 5 volt signal to the PLC or DCS.
- When using a 24 volt power supply, the load resistor on the 4 to 20mA output must be 600 ohms or less.
- Some PLC and DCS equipment have built in load resistors, please refer to the technical manuals of such equipment.



Pulse/Alarm Output Wiring: Pulse/Alarm Output Wiring: Customer Supplied Power Source (Recommended) Bring pulse/alarm wiring in through either conduit hub. Connect as shown in the diagram below. The pulse/alarm output is an open collector circuit capable of sinking a maximum of 10mA of current. Pulse or alarm selection is programmed using the display or FT1 View[™]. Only one option, pulse or alarm, can be active at a time.

Fig. 3.4: Pulse/Alarm Output Isolated (Recommended)





NOTE:

- The FT1 Pulse/Alarm output is typically used to drive digital circuitry or solid-state relays. The output of a solid state relay may, in turn, operate loads such as electromechanical relays or alarm indicators.
- The maximum load current of the Pulse/Alarm output is 10mA. Choose a load resistance that provides approximately 10mA with the power supply operating voltage.
- When the output is configured for Alarm and an alarm is not active, the output will be on (0 volts output). When an alarm is active, the output will be off (12 to 28 volts output).
- In order to use the Pulse/Alarm feature on the Model FT1, this feature must be chosen when the meter is ordered from the factory. Pulse output not available with meters ordered with RS485 Modbus RTU and BACnet MS/TP.

Model FT1

Model FT1

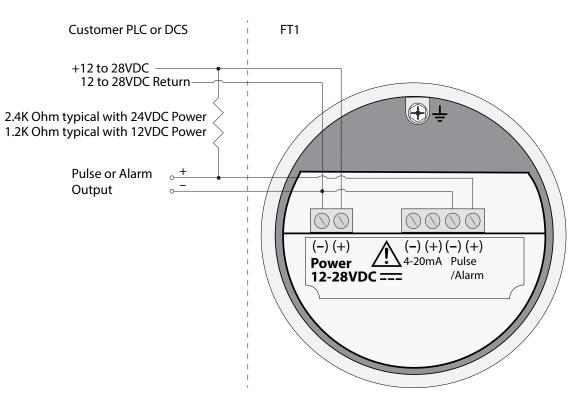
Wiring: Pulse/Alarm Wiring

Pulse/Alarm Output Wiring

Pulse/Alarm Output Wiring: Power Provided by FT1

Bring pulse/alarm wiring in through either conduit hub. Connect as shown in the diagram below. The pulse/alarm output is an open collector circuit capable of sinking a maximum of 10mA of current. Pulse or alarm selection is programmed using the display or FT1 View[™]. Only one option, pulse or alarm, can be active at a time.







NOTE:

- The FT1 Pulse/Alarm output is typically used to drive digital circuitry or solid-state relays. The output of a solid state relay may, in turn, operate loads such as electromechanical relays or alarm indicators.
- The maximum load current of the Pulse/Alarm output is 10mA. Choose a load resistance that provides approximately 10mA with the power supply operating voltage.
- When the output is configured for Alarm and an alarm is not active, the output will be on (0 volts output). When an alarm is active, the output will be off (12 to 28 volts output).
- In order to use the Pulse/Alarm feature on the Model FT1, this feature must be chosen when the meter is ordered from the factory. Pulse output not available with meters ordered with RS485 Modbus RTU and BACnet MS/TP.

WIRING

32

THERMAL INSTRUMENTS, INC.

ox is ISO 9001



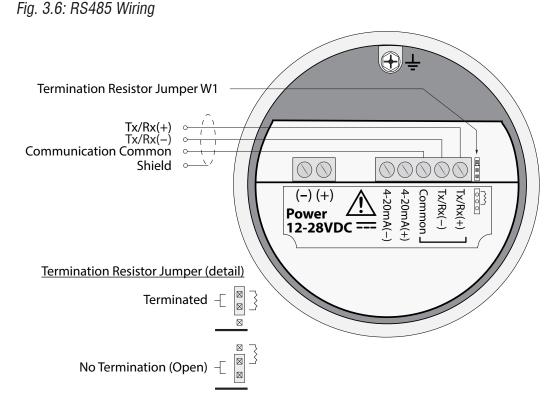
RS485 Wiring RS485 Wiring for RS485 Modbus RTU or BACnet MS/TP

Wiring connections are made as shown in the diagram below for Modbus communication.

Termination Resistor

Connect a termination resistor across the receive/transmit signals of the last device on the communication line. To connect the 121 ohm termination resistor on the FT1, set jumper W1 to the Terminated position, see Fig. 3.6.

Disconnect the termination resistor on all other external RS485 devices. The termination resistor of the FT1 is disconnected by setting jumper W1 to the Open position.





NOTE:

- In order to use the RS485 feature on the Model FT1, this feature must be chosen when the meter is ordered from the factory. Modbus RTU and BACnet MS/TP are not available with meters ordered with the Pulse/Alarm option.
- W1 jumper will either be in the open or terminated position. It should be in the terminated position on the last meter in the series.



HART Wiring



HART Wiring

The HART connections are made as shown in the diagram below.

NOTE: Meters ordered with HART will be configured for flow as default. If the customer changes the 4-20mA output to temperature, HART should report temperature.

HART 4 to 20mA Output Wiring: Customer-Supplied Power Source

The 4 to 20mA current loop and HART modem connections are made as shown in the diagram below.

Fig. 3.7: HART Wiring, Customer-Supplied Power Source

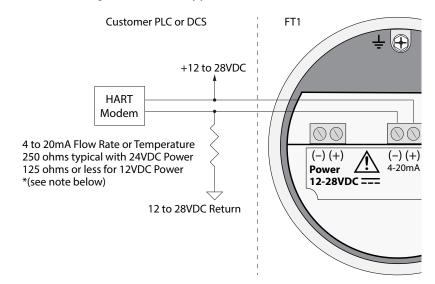




Fig. 3.7, 3.8, and 3.9, NOTE:

- When using a 12 volt power supply, the load resistor on the 4 to 20mA output must be 125 ohms or less to operate properly.
- When using 24 volt power, the load resistor is typically 250 ohms. A 250 ohm resistor in the 4 to 20mA circuit will result in a 1 to 5 volt signal to the PLC or DCS.
- When using a 24 volt power supply, the load resistor on the 4 to 20mA output must be 600 ohms or less.
- Some PLC and DCS equipment have built in load resistors, please refer to the PLC/DCS technical manual.



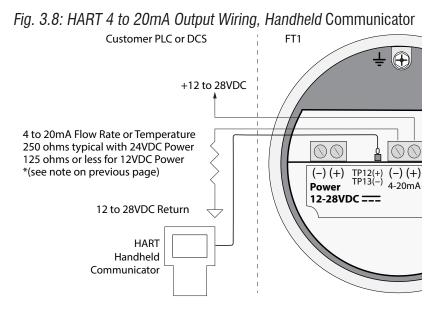


Wiring

HART 4 to 20mA HART 4 to 20mA Output Wiring: Handheld Communicator

The 4 to 20mA current loop connections are made as shown in the diagram below.

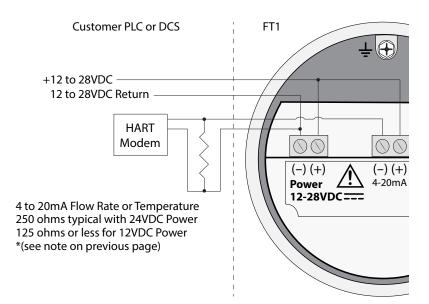
A hand-held HART communicator can be connected to test points TP12 (+) and TP13 (-) with clip leads or to the 4 to 20mA terminal block.



HART 4 to 20mA Output Wiring: Loop Power Provided by FT1

The 4 to 20mA current loop and HART modem connections are made as shown in the diagram below.

Fig. 3.9: HART 4 to 20mA Output Wiring, Loop Power Provided by FT1





Operation: Start Up

Start Up Sequence	Start Up Sequence The program automatically enters the Run/Measure mode after power up. The screen will show the software version of the FT1 during power up.
USB Interface	USB Interface The USB interface is a standard feature which allows communication with a PC to monitor readings and configure settings. FT1 View [™] , is a free application program from Fox that connects to the USB interface and allows data monitoring, configuration

FT1 Display

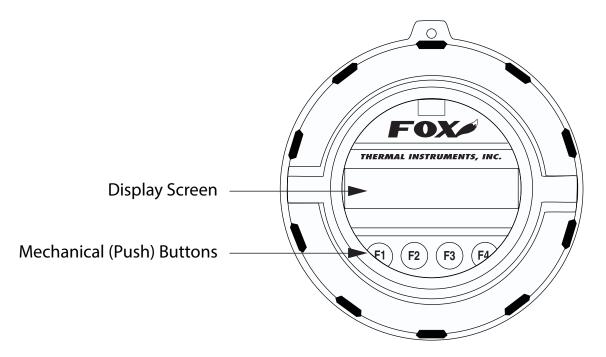
ay FT1 Display and Configuration Panel

The FT1 has a 2 line x 16 character display with 4 mechanical buttons. The meter can be programmed by using the display and configuration panel. The configuration panel can be accessed by removing the FT1 cap. Be sure to replace the cap after you are done configuring the FT1.

setting, data logging to Excel, and an option to save and recall FT1 configuration data.



Fig. 4.1: FT1 Display and Configuration Panel







Display Screens Measurement Mode Display Screens

In the measurement mode, there are four different display screens (display 1, 2, 3 and a prompt screen to enter the programming mode). Two display screens are user programmable (refer to Display Setup p. 43). Scrolling through the display is accomplished by pressing the F1 or F2 key to view the next or previous screen.

Engineering
Menu ScreensPressing the F1 and F2 keys at the same time enters the Engineering Menu screens.
F1 and F2 keys increment and decrement through screens. Key F4 is used to exit to
Display screen #1. See Fig 1.8 on p. 11 to view Engineering screens and their
descriptions.

Reset TotalPressing the F3 and F4 keys at the same time brings up the Reset Total screen (see p.
52) prompt.

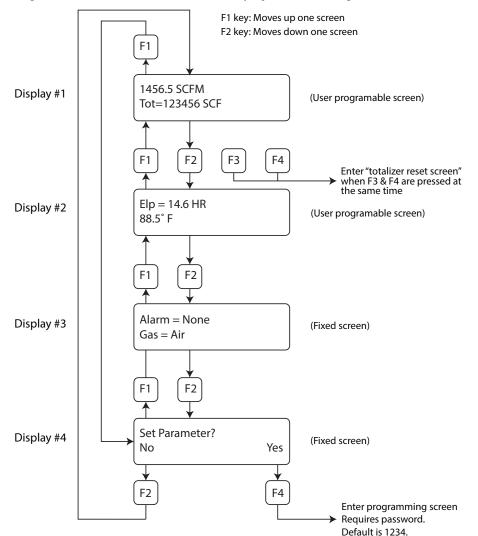


Fig. 4.2: FT1 Measurement Mode Display Screen Navigation

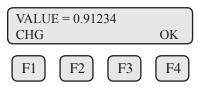


Programming
by DisplayData Entry using the Display and Configuration PanelThere are 2 basic types of menu entries: one for changing value or string and one for

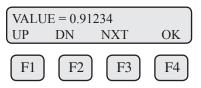
Value or String

To Change a Value or String :

selecting from a selection list.

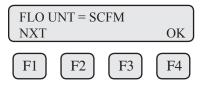


Press CHG (F1) key to change the value, OK (F4) to accept the value.



Press the **UP (F1) or DN (F2)** key to select a new digit or character, the cursor points to the selected digit. Press **NXT (F3)** to select the next digit and **OK (F4)** to accept the entry.

Selecting from a List To Select from a List:

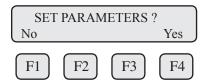


Press NXT (F1) key repeatedly until the correct selection is made and OK (F4) key to accept the entry.

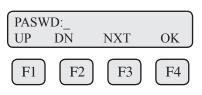
Enter Programming Mode

Entering the Programming Mode

To enter the programming mode and access the Main Menu, press the **F1** or **F2** key in the normal running mode until the following screen is shown:



Press YES (F4) and the following screen will prompt user to enter password:





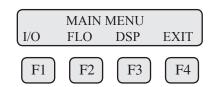


Enter the correct password, then follow the instructions for changing a value as Programming by Display specified on page p. 38. The default Level 1 password is "1234".

> If the wrong password is entered, the message "Wrong Password" will display and then return to the programming entry screen.

Main Menu Main Menu

If the password is accepted, the Main Menu screen will be shown:



This is the Main Menu screen for the programming mode.

Press EXIT (F4) repeatedly until "Normal Mode" is seen briefly to exit the programming mode.

Analog 4 to 20mA Output Analog 4 to

20mA Output

The following menu allows the scaling of the analog 4 to 20mA output. From the Main Menu, press I/O (F1) to move to the 4 to 20mA output selection. In this screen press **420 (F3)** (screen appearance may vary according to options).

SET		I/O	
COM	PUL	420	EXIT
F1	F2	F3	F4

The 4 to 20mA output is programmable for flow or temperature:

mA=Fl NXT	ow		OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

Selections for the 4 to 20mA output are: Flow

Temp

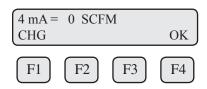
Select NXT (F1) to select Flow or Temperature and then press OK (F4).

20 mA	= 3500	SCFM	
CHG			OK
\square	\square	\square	\frown
F 1	F2		F 4

Enter the value for the 20mA and press **OK (F4)** key to accept the setting.



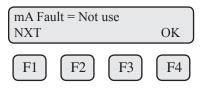
Programming by Display Then the following screen will display:



Enter the value for the 4mA and press OK (F4).



NOTE: 4mA is normally set to 0.



This menu allows the user to select an alarm fault level on the 4 to 20mA output. The alarm is activated when a serious issue is detected preventing the calculation of the correct flow rate. The 3.6mA and 21mA alarm outputs are related to the NAMUR alarm feature.

The options are:

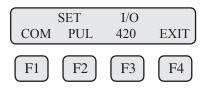
mA Fault=3.6 mA (Force the 4 to 20mA signal to 3.6mA on alarm) mA Fault=21 mA (Force the 4 to 20mA signal to 21mA on alarm) mA Fault=Not use (4 to 20mA signal alarm fault not used)

From any screen, press **(F4)** repeatedly until "Normal Mode" is seen briefly to exit the programming mode.

NOTE: When the flow rate exceeds the programmed value for the 20mA set point, the analog output will stay at 20mA and an alarm code will be generated.

Pulse/alarm Output

If the Pulse/alarm feature was purchased as the second output for the Model FT1, it can be accessed from the main menu, press **I/O (F1)** (screen appearance may vary).



Press PUL (F2) to select the pulse output. The following screen will show:

OUT = NXT	Pulse		OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

Press **NEXT (F1)** to cycle through output options until you have the selection for "OUT=Pulse" and press **OK (F4)**.



Pulse/alarm Output

THERMAL INSTRUMENTS, INC.

Fox is ISO 9001



Programming by Display The pulse output can be configured in one of three ways:

- 1. Specifying how many pulses per unit, P/U (i.e., 10 pulses per SCF)
- 2. Specifying how many flow units total per pulse, U/P (i.e., 0.1 SCF per pulse)
- 3. Specifying a maximum frequency to a defined maximum value of flow rate

All of these approaches are equivalent.

PULSI	E OUTPU	JT	
P/U	U/P	FEQ	EXIT
	F2	E2	
FI	[F2]	F3	$[\Gamma^4]$

Use **P/U (F1)** to enter pulse per unit, **U/P (F2)** for unit per pulse or **FEQ (F3)** to enter the flow and maximum frequency to scale the pulse/alarm output.



NOTE: When data is entered with any of the three described methods, the other values will be re-calculated according to the settings.

Entering data in Pulse per Unit:

From the Pulse/alarm Output Menu above, press **P/U (F1)** and the following screen will show:

PLS/UI CHG	NT = 2		OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

Press CHG (F1) to change the setting and then OK (F4) to accept entry.

The value entered is in pulse per selected flow unit total (i.e., 2 pulses per SCF).

Unit per Pulse Entering data in Unit per Pulse:

From the Pulse/alarm Output Menu above, press **U/P (F2)** and the following screen will show:

UNT/P	LS = 0.5	;	
CHG			OK
	F2		
	[F2]	F3	[F4]

Press **CHG (F1)** to change the setting and then **OK (F4)** to accept entry. The value entered is in unit per pulse (i.e. 0.5 flow unit total per pulse)

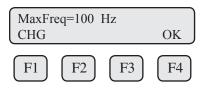
Max Flow and Frequency

Entering data with flow and maximum frequency:

From the Pulse/alarm Output Menu above, press **FEQ (F3)** and the following screen will show:



Programming by Display

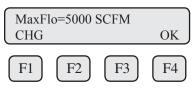


Enter the maximum pulse rate (frequency) and press **OK (F4)**.



CAUTION! Maximum pulse rate (frequency) cannot exceed 100 Hz.

The next screen will show:

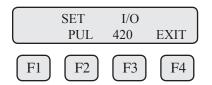


NOTE: If the flow rate exceeds the maximum pulse rate (frequency), the output will stay at 100 Hz and the FT1 will issue an alarm code.

Alarm Output

Alarm Output

If the Pulse/alarm feature was purchased as the second output for the Model FT1, press **I/O (F1)** key from the Main Menu screen. The screen will show:.



Then press PUL (F2) and the screen may show:



Then press NXT (F1) to select the correct alarm and press OK (F4).

Selections are:	
Not used	
Pulse	
HiFloAlm =	High Flow Alarm
LoFloAlm =	Low Flow Alarm
HiTempAlm =	High Temperature Alarm
LoTempAlm =	Low Temperature Alarm

When the output is set to Alarm and there is no alarm condition, the output will be on (0 volts). When an alarm is active, the output is turned off (12 to 24 volts).





ſ	HiFlo	Al	m=500) S	CFM	
l	CHG					OK
	F1		F2		F3	F4

Enter the value for the limit by pressing CHG (F1) and then OK (F4).



Serial

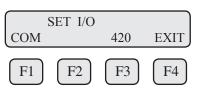
Communication

Programming by Display

NOTE: There is only one output to operate as a pulse output or an alarm output. Both cannot operate at the same time.

Serial Communication Settings

If RS485 Communication feature was purchased as the second output for the Model FT1, the Serial communication settings can be programmed by pressing **I/O (F1)** key from the Main Menu. The screen will show:



Press COM (F1) to select Serial communication. The screen may show:

Comm=	-Modbus		
NXT			OK
			F4
FI	F2	F3	[F4]

Options for serial communication are:

None MODBUS BACNET HART

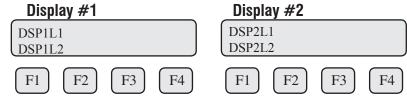


NOTE: Any selection other than "None" requires the communication option for the selected communication type. If enabling a communication option, see the Communications Protocols section of this manual.

Display Setup

Display Setup

Remember, there are four display screens that you can cycle through in normal operating mode (see Figure 4.2 on p. 37). Two of the four display screens are fixed and cannot be changed (displays #3 & 4). The other two screens are programmable to show the information that you prefer and is discussed in this section.





Programming by Display

Selections are:

DSP1L1	Display 1, Line 1
DSP1L2	Display 1, Line 2
DSP2L1	Display 2, Line 1
DSP2L2	Display 2, Line 2

Programming Display Screens #1 & 2

To Program Display Screens #1 & 2:

From the Main Menu press DSP (F3) to select the display menu:

KIT

Press DSP (F1) key. The display will show:

DSP1L1 = Flo rate			
NXT			OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

These are the selections for the display #1 line #1.

Selections are: Flo rate Total Elps Temp Alarm

Flow rate Total mass or volume Elapsed time Temperature Error codes

When the selection is correct, press **OK (F4)** to accept. The display will then go through the same process for all 4 lines of the 2 programmable displays (DSP1L1, DSP1L2, DSP2L1 and DSP2L2).

After the last line of display 2 is accepted, the display will show the following menu:

ALTER NXT	NATE =	Off	OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

This menu allows you to alternate between menu display 1 and 2 every few seconds. Selections are: On or Off

Press OK (F4) to accept selection.

Press **EXIT (F4)** repeatedly until "Normal Mode" is seen briefly to exit the programming mode.





Password

Programming by Display Password

There are two user level passwords, only **Level 1** is programmable and gives access to all the normal settings. The second password is used to allow access to calibration factors and should normally never be changed unless advised by the Fox service department, or to set a new password in the event that the user forgets the **Level 1** password.

Default Level 1 password is "1234", and Level 2 password is "9111".

The Level 1 programmable password can be disabled by setting it to "0".

From the Main Menu press DSP (F3) to select the display menu:

Programming Password

To Program the Password:

	AY/PASS		
DSP		PSW	EXIT
F1	F2	F3	F4

Press PSW (F3) key to select password.

PASSW	VD = 123	4	
CHG			OK
$\begin{bmatrix} F1 \end{bmatrix}$	F2	F3	F4

This screen displays the current **Level 1** password. Press CHG (F1) key to change the password and enter new value.

Press **OK (F4)** to accept new data and exit programming by pressing **EXIT (F4)** key repeatedly until out of the programming mode.

O

NOTE: Password can be number or letter characters up to 4 digits.

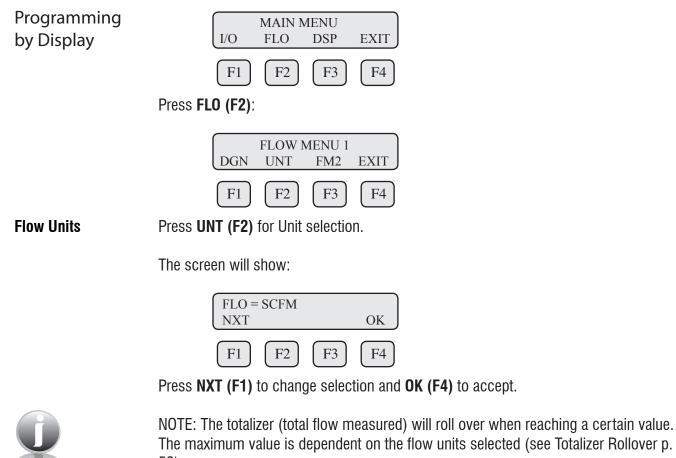
Units Settings Menu Units Settings Menu

This menu is used to set the units for flow, temperature, and pressure. Reference temperature and reference pressure settings can be accessed also.

These values will be set at Fox using information supplied by the customer. These values can be changed to match a new application. The units setting is accessed from the Main Menu.

To access the Unit Settings Menu:





52).

SCFM	LBS/M	MSCFD (MCFD)
SCFH	LBS/S	SM3/H
NM3/H	NLPH	MT/H
NM3/M	NLPM	NM3/D
KG/H	MMSCFD (MMCFD)	MMSCFM (MMCFM)
KG/M	LBS/D	SCFD
KG/S	SLPM	MCFD (MSCFD)
LBS/H	NLPS	SM3/M
		SM3/D



WARNING!

The FT1 re-calculates area, 4 and 20mA values, maximum flow for the pulse output and zero flow cutoff when changing flow units. The totalizer must be reset immediately after changing units.







Programming by Display	After pressing OK (F4) to accept the Flow unit the display will prompt for the temperature unit setting:
Temperature Units	$ \begin{array}{c c} TMP UNT = Deg F \\ NXT & OK \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} F1 & F2 & F3 & F4 \end{array} $
	Press NXT (F1) to change selection and OK (F4) to accept.
	Selections for Temperature units are: Deg C Deg F
Reference Temperature	After pressing OK (F4) to accept the temperature unit setting, the display will prompt for temperature reference in selected unit.
	$ \begin{array}{c} TmpRef = 60 \ ^{\circ}F \\ CHG \end{array} OK \end{array} $
	F1 F2 F3 F4
	Press CHG (F1) to change the reference and OK (F4) to accept.
Pressure Units	After pressing OK (F4) to accept the reference temperature, the display will prompt for the reference pressure unit selection:
	$\begin{array}{c c} PRES UNT = Psia \\ NXT & OK \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c c} F1 & F2 & F3 & F4 \end{array}$
	Press NXT (F1) to select next entry and OK (F4) to accept.
	Selections are: mmHG Millimeters of mercury (absolute) Psia Pounds per square inch absolute bara Bar absolute
Reference Pressure	After the pressure unit selection is made, the display will show a menu to enter the reference pressure:
	PresRef= 14.7 CHG OK
	F1 F2 F3 F4
	Press CHG (F1) to change it and OK (F4) to accept.



Programming
by DisplayAfter the reference pressure is accepted, the FT1 will recalculate and display gas
density at user's reference temperature and pressure:DensityDNS = 1.2930 KG/m3

DIG	1.27501	KO/IIIJ	OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

The gas density is for information only. Press OK (F4) to continue.

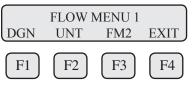
Flow Parameters

Flow Parameters

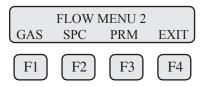
This is the menu used to set various flow parameter values. They are: Flow cutoff, pipe diameter, filter, high and low alarm for flow and temperature.

MAIN MENU			
I/O	FLO	DSP	EXIT
	\frown	\frown	\frown
F1	F2	[F3]	[F4]

The menu is accessed from the Main Menu by pressing FLO (F2):



Then press FM2 (F3):



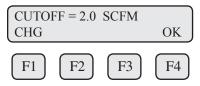


NOTE: The **SPC** function key will only appear and be accessible from a **Level 2** password.

Then press **PRM (F3)**.

Flow Cutoff

The first parameter is Flow Cutoff:



Enter the value for the low flow cutoff and then press **OK (F4)**. When the flow rate falls below the zero flow cutoff, the flow meter will display a flow value of zero.





Programming	To set the Pipe Diameter
by Display Pipe Diameter	$\begin{array}{ c c c } \hline Pipe_id &= 3.068 \text{ In} \\ \hline CHG & OK \end{array}$
	F1 F2 F3 F4
	Enter the pipe diameter in inches or millimeters and then press OK (F4) . Use millimeters for metric flow unit selections and inches for English flow unit selections. If the pipe/duct is a square or rectangle, the hydraulic diameter (equivalent value for a round pipe) must be entered for the pipe ID.
Filter Value	The Filter Value is entered in seconds. The allowable time constant range is 0.8 to 10 seconds. The filter time interval is proportional to the dampening.
	Enter the filter value and then press OK (F4) .
	FILTER = 0.8 secCHGOK
	F1 F2 F3 F4
High Flow Rate Alarm	To set the parameters for a High Flow Rate Alarm:
Aldilli	HiFloAlm = 1234 SCFM CHG OK
	F1 F2 F3 F4
	This is the upper flow limit alarm value that can be associated with the alarm output. An alarm code is generated when the flow value exceeds this limit. If no checking is needed, this value should be set to zero.
	Press OK (F4) to accept the value.
Low Flow Rate Alarm	To set the parameters for a Low Flow Rate Alarm:
	LoFloAlm = 100 SCFM CHG OK
	F1 F2 F3 F4
	This is the lower flow limit alarm value that can be associated with the alarm output. An alarm code is generated when the flow value is below this limit. If no checking is

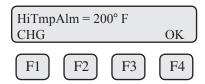
needed, this value should be set to zero. Press **OK (F4)** to accept the value.

49

|||



Programming by Display **High Temp Alarm** To set the parameters for a High Temperature Alarm:



This is the upper temperature limit alarm value that can be associated with the alarm output. An alarm code is generated when the temperature value exceeds this limit. If no checking is needed, this value should be set to zero. Press **OK (F4)** to accept the value.

Low Temp Alarm

To set the parameters for a **Low Temperature Alarm**:

$LoTmpAlm = 20^{\circ} F$			
CHG			OK
\frown		\frown	
F1	F2	F3	F4

This is the lower temperature limit alarm value that can be associated with the alarm output. An alarm code is generated when the temperature value is below this limit. If no checking is needed, this value should be set to zero.

Press **OK (F4)** to accept the value.



NOTE: If the programming menu was entered with a **Level 2** password, then more menus will be shown concerning factory-set parameters that should not be changed.

K Factor

K Factor

The K FACTOR allows the user to adjust the meter's calibration. The Fox flow meter increases the calculated flow rate by the K Factor. This results in a direct scaling of the meter's output across the entire full range.

The K Factor parameter is accessed from the "Flow Menu 2" menu by entering a **Level 2** password "9111" and pressing the **SPC** key (**F2**).

FLOW	MENU 2	
SPC	PRM	EXIT
\square	\frown	\frown
F2	F3	F4
	SPC	

The following screen will be displayed:

K fact=0%		
CHG		OK
F1 F2	F3	F4



Press CHG (F1). Add the correction factor and press OK (F4).



Programming For Example:

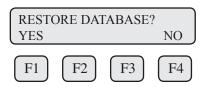
by Display

If you want the flow meter to read 5% higher, enter 5.0%. If you want the flow meter to read 5% lower, enter -5.0%. If an existing K Factor is present, add the additional K Factor to the existing value.

Upon pressing OK (F4), an option to restore the database will follow.

Restore Database Restore Database

In case of user error, the ability to restore the meter to the original factory settings can be achieved in this menu. The display will show:



Press **YES (F1)** ONLY if you want to restore your database to the initial factory setting that the meter was shipped with. All current user-entered settings will be overwritten.

The green LP3 LED will flash at a faster pace until the recall is performed. The "RESET CRC" screen will follow "RESTORE DATABASE".

Upon pressing OK (F4), an option to reset the NVRAM CRC will follow.

Reset CRC Reset CRC

If the NVRAM CRC check fails (Error Code 36), the programmed settings values will need to be verified and corrected before clearing the error. Call Fox Customer Service if you need assistance.

RESET YES	CRC?		NO
F1	F2	F3	F4

Press YES (F1) ONLY if you want to reset the CRC and generate a new CRC value.

Non-Resettable Non-Resettable Totalizer Activation Totalizer Regulations in some geographic loca

Regulations in some geographic locations require that flow totalizers be non-resettable. The FT1 can conform to these regulations.

Š.	

WARNING! Once the non-resettable totalizer (NRT) has been activated on an FT1 flow meter, the change cannot be undone. The non-resettable totalizer is only recommended for applications that require it.

After it has been enabled, your FT1's totalizer and elapsed time counters will be non-resettable.



Programming by Display	SET NRT? YES NO F1 F2 F3 F4 Press YES (F1) ONLY if you want to set the NRT.
	ARE YOU SURE? YES NO F1 F2 F3 F4 If you are certain you want to activate the Non-resettable totalizer, select YES (F1).
Reset Total	Reset Total and Elapsed Time Enter the flow totalizer and elapsed time screen by pressing the F3 and F4 keys at the same time in the normal running mode (password required).
	RESET TOTAL ? NOYESF1F2F3F4
	Press YES (F4) to reset total and elapsed time. Press NO (F1) to cancel.
	NOTE: This feature is not available on non-resettable units.
Totalizer Rollover	Totalizer Rollover: The FT1 has an automatic roll-over function. The total flow countof the FT1 will roll over after the following values:Most flow units:99,999,999,999MSCFD:999,999,999MMSCFM:9,999,999MMSCFD:999,999999,999MMSCFD:999,999
Simulation	Simulation This menu allows for simulation of flow rate and temperature. It should only be used for testing and demonstration purposes. Make sure to return all of these simulation values to zero, before returning to the normal mode of operation.
	CAUTION! If the 4 to 20mA and/or the pulse/alarm outputs are connected to controllers, set the controllers to "manual". This will ensure that the simulated signals do not cause false controller action.
	The menu is accessible from the main programming menu by pressing FLO , and DGN (F1):



52

Drogramming	
Programming by Display	FLOW MENU 1 DGN UNT FM2 EXIT
	$\left[\begin{array}{c} F1 \end{array}\right] \left[\begin{array}{c} F2 \end{array}\right] \left[\begin{array}{c} F3 \end{array}\right] \left[\begin{array}{c} F4 \end{array}\right]$
	Pressing DGN (F1) will show:
	DIAGNOSTIC SIM ZRO EXIT
	F1 F2 F3 F4
	Pressing SIM (F1) will show:
	Simulate Flow? YES NO
	F1 F2 F3 F4
	Press YES (F1) to continue.
	FloSim = 0 SCFMCHGOK
	$\left(F1 \right) \left(F2 \right) \left(F3 \right) \left(F4 \right)$
	Enter the value and then press OK (F4) . NOTE: Enter zero to disable this feature.
Y	Simulate Temp? YES NO
	F1 F2 F3 F4
	Press YES (F1) to continue.
	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{TmpSim} = 0 \text{ C} \\ \text{CHG} & \text{OK} \end{array} $
	F1 F2 F3 F4
A	Enter the value and then press OK (F4) . NOTE: Enter zero to disable this feature.
Ť	ENABLE SIM? YES NO
	F1 F2 F3 F4
	Press YES (F1) to start the simulation mode, otherwise press NO (F4). Upon pressing either key, the program will return to the FLOW MENU 1 screen.

OPERATION

Model FT1

NOTE: Simulation Mode will be cleared if the power is cycled.



Operation: Zero CAL-CHECK®

Calibration Calibration of the Fox Model FT1 Thermal Flow Meter

To ensure that all Fox flow meters meet specified performance parameters and provide accurate, repeatable measurements in the field, all calibrations are performed with NIST-traceable flow standards. Each meter is shipped from the factory with a Fox Calibration Certificate.

Calibration Validation

Calibration Validation

Calibration Validation allows our customers to validate the accuracy and functionality of the meter in the field with a push of a button. By performing a simple test, the operator can verify that the meter is running accurately.

Zero CAL-CHECK[®] ensures the repeatability, functionality of the sensor and its associated signal processing circuitry, and cleanliness of the sensor.

Fox has developed the Zero CAL-CHECK[®] Calibration Validation to help our customers avoid sending the meter back for annual or biennial re-calibrations.

Zero CAL-CHECK[®] Calibration Validation Test

The Zero CAL-CHECK[®] test is used to ensure that the flow meter still retains its original NIST-traceable calibration at zero flow. If zero flow can be established, the sensor does not need to be removed and the procedure can be done in the pipe. Alternatively, a clean, dry bottle can be used to create a "no flow" condition out of the pipe.



NOTE: If the Zero CAL-CHECK[®] test is performed using the Fox FT1 View[™] Software, at the completion of the test, a Zero CAL-CHECK[®] Certificate may be printed for a record of the test. This certificate will display a pass/fail result.

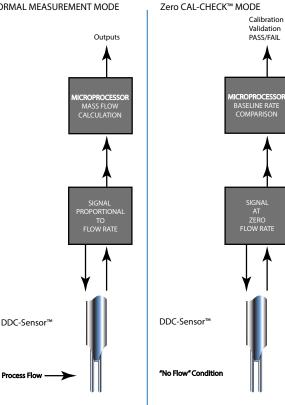




Fig. 4.3: Normal Mode vs. Zero CAL-CHECK® Mode

Zero CAL-**CHECK®**

NORMAL MEASUREMENT MODE



Achieving Zero Flow -In-Situ (In the Pipe)

Techniques for Achieving Zero Flow - In the Pipe

In-situ (in the pipe) Zero CAL-CHECK[®] testing can be achieved by a pipe bypass (valving-off). If space allows, redirect the flow through a bypass pipe section or valve off the meter in order to isolate the meter's sensor in the place where it has been installed. While the flow is redirected, the Zero CAL-CHECK[®] test can be performed. Once the test is complete, the valves to the bypass may be closed and flow may be directed back to the meter's sensor where flow monitoring can continue as normal.

Achieving Zero Flow -Out of Pipe

Achieving Zero Flow - Out of Pipe

If space limitations prevent in-situ testing at zero flow as listed above, then Out of Pipe testing must be performed.

With this configuration, the meter must be removed from the process, the test performed, and then the meter returned to the process after testing has been completed.

Due to the high sensitivity of the DDC-Sensor[™], it is necessary to isolate the sensor once the meter has been removed from the pipe. This can be achieved with a closed container in order to isolate the sensor and achieve the "no flow" condition necessary to perform the Zero CAL-CHECK[®] test. If the Zero CAL-CHECK[®] test is to be performed out of the pipe, the meter must be set upside-down (probe pointing up) and a clean dry plastic bottle placed back over the sensor to achieve the factory baseline that the meter has been set with.



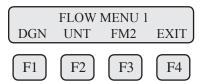
Operation: Zero CAL-CHECK®

Performing Zero CAL-CHECK[®] Test

Performing the Zero CAL-CHECK $^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}$ Calibration Validation Test

The Zero CAL-CHECK[®] test must be performed at zero flow to ensure a valid test result. This test is used to confirm that the flow meter still retains its original NIST-traceable calibration at zero flow and that the sensor is free of film or residue that may affect readings. The test takes less than 5 minutes to complete. At the conclusion of the test, a Pass or Fail message will be displayed. Press **F4** at the conclusion of the test to return to normal measuring mode or to terminate the test.

Press FLO (F2) from the main menu. The display will show:



Press DGN (F1). The display will show:



Press ZRO (F2). The display will show:



Press VER (F1) key to continue.



Press YES (F1) key to continue.



NOTE: For accurate readings and best test results, perform a visual inspection of sensor window for damage/deformity and condition of sensor elements before starting the test.



56



Operation: Zero CAL-CHECK®

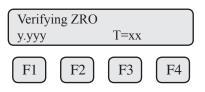
Performing Zero CAL-CHECK[®] Test

Process Zero ar Stable?	nd YES	EXIT
F1 F2	F3	F4

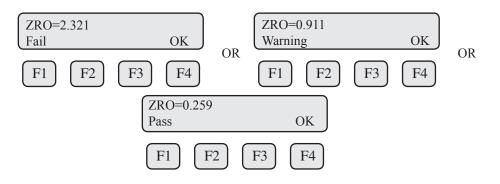


WARNING! You must ensure that there is a no flow condition before proceeding. If you are performing the test in a bottle, be sure to isolate the sensor in a closed container - any air movement (even from a fan) may result in a false "fail" result.

Once process is stable, press YES (F3) key to begin the Zero CAL-CHECK[®].



This test will take less than 5 minutes. The T=xx is a count down timer indicating how much time is left to finish the test.



Upon test completion, the final value will be displayed along with the test result. The test result may be:

- Pass: less than ±0.80
- Warning: between ± 0.80 to ± 1.0
- Fail: greater than ±1.0

If a "Warning" or "Fail" result is displayed, Fox recommends that the probe be removed from the pipe, the sensor cleaned, and the test be performed again. If the test was performed in the pipe the first time, perform the test in a bottle for the re-test.

If a "Warning" or "Fail" result is displayed after performing the test a second time, please call Fox Service at (831) 384-4300 for assistance.



Operation: Gas-SelectX®

Accessing Gas-SelectX[®] Menu

Accessing the Gas-SelectX® Gas Selection Menu Feature

This menu allows the user to select a gas or gas mix from a pre-calibrated list of gases/gas mixtures available on the Fox Model FT1 Flowmeter. Gases and gas mixes available in the Gas-SelectX[®] feature include:

- Methane
- Carbon Dioxide (CO2)
- Nitrogen
- Air
- Natural Gas*
- Argon
- Propane
- Helium
- Oxygen
- Butane
- Hydrogen
- Gas Mix**

*Natural gas refers to pipeline-quality dry natural gas, whereas naturally occurring gas from oil fields constitutes a special mixed gas requiring a special calibration. Natural Gas is not available in the 3-Gas Mix feature. Contact Fox for further information.

**The molar mass of the gas mixes are programmable in 0.1% increments. Any three gases available in the Gas-SelectX® menu may be used in any proportion equaling 100%

NOTE: For the latest gas and gas mix menu, visit the Fox Website: <u>www.foxthermalinstruments.com</u>

After installing your FT1 flowmeter, power up the device. When the meter finishes initializing, it will begin to monitor flow in the gas and flow units assigned at the factory.

The display will show the information similar to the example below. Follow these instructions to access the Gas-SelectX[®] feature:

1162.52 Tot=620	2 SCFM 05012.50	SCF	
F1	F2	F3	F4

To enter the programming mode from the normal monitoring mode and access the Gas-SelectX[®] menu, press the **F1** or **F2** key repeatedly until the following screen is shown:

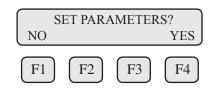






Operation: Gas-SelectX®

Accessing Gas-SelectX[®] Menu



Press **YES (F4)** and the following screen will prompt the user to enter the password if it is active:

PASW	'D:_		
UP	DN	NXT	OK
\square	\square	\square	\square
F1	F2	F3	F4

Enter the correct password and press OK (F4) to enter it.

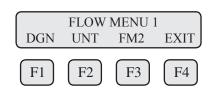


NOTE: Default password is 1234.

After entering the correct password, the following is displayed:

	MAIN	I MENU	
I/O	FLO	DSP	EXIT
F1	F2	F3	F4

Press FLO (F2) to enter Flow Menu 1.



Press FM2 (F3) to get to Flow Menu 2.

	FLOW	MENU 2	2
GAS	SPC	PRM	EXIT
F1	F2	F3	F4

Press GAS (F1) to access the Gas-SelectX® feature. The display may show:

	GAS=	Methane	
NXT			EXIT
1 61 1	F2	F3	F4



Choosing a From this screen, the user will be able to access two aspects of the Gas-SelectX[®] Gas menu:

- 1. Pure Gas = Choosing from a list of available gases, or
- 2. Gas Mix = Programming a specific mixture of three gases

Choosing a Gas from the Gas-SelectX® Menu

The Gas-SelectX[®] menu will show one of the available gases/gas mixtures:



Press NXT (F1) to choose from a list of gases. Choices are:

- Methane
- CO2 = Carbon Dioxide
- Nitrogen
- Air
- Natural Gas (*see definition p. 58)
- Argon
- Propane
- Helium
- Oxygen
- Butane
- Hydrogen
- Gas Mix = Mix of any three gases above; proportions must equal 100%

To choose any pure gas, cycle through until the correct gas is displayed and press **OK** (**F4**) to choose the gas.

To create a gas mix, choose %Mix from the list and press **OK (F4)**.



The screen will show:

Methan CHG	ne=0%		OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

This screen shows the percentage of the gas mixture allocated to Air. In this case, it shows 0%. To program the specific mixture of Methane, press **CHG (F1)**.





Operation: Gas-SelectX®

Choosing a Gas

ne=30%		
DN		OK
F2	F3	F4
	DN	DN

To set the percentage of methane in the gas mix, press UP (F1) or DN (F2).

Once the desired methane percentage is displayed, press **OK (F4)**. The display will move to the view of the concentration of each of the subsequent list of gases: Carbon Dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen, Air, Natural Gas, Argon, Propane, Helium, Oxygen, Butane, and Hydrogen (in that order).

CO2= CHG	0%		OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

Once the desired gas percentages are programmed, press **OK (F4)**. One of the following messages will appear:

Gas Mix (100%) OK F1 F2 F3 F4	Shows only if no error is detected. Pressing OK allows exit to menu.
Err: Mix=(110%) OK F1 F2 F3 F4	Shows only if gas mix does not equal 100%. Pressing OK returns to gas entry.
Err: Max 3 gas OK F1 F2 F3 F4	Shows only if too many gases are selected. Only three gases are allowed. Pressing OK returns to gas entry.

Once the "Gas Mix (100%)" message appears, you have successfully programmed the gas mix in Gas-SelectX $^{(m)}$ and can exit. Press **OK (F4)** to set the mixture.



NOTE:

- Gas mix must equal 100%
- If the gas mix only contains 2 gases, set all remaining gas percentages to 0.



Choosing a Gas The FT1 will begin to monitor flow based on the pre-calibrated algorithm for the gas selected in the Gas-SelectX[®] feature. The screen will show the flow in units and the total flow similar to the example below:

1162.52 6205012	SCFM 2.50 SCF		
F1	F2	F3	F4

From normal operating mode, the gas selection can be seen on display 3 (see p. 37).



Model FT1

Modbus Introduction

Modbus Introduction	Scope This portion of the manual describes the Modbus implementation using RS485 serial communication physical layer for the Fox Thermal Instruments FT1 Mass flow meter based on the Modicon Modbus Protocol (PI-MBUS-300 Rev. J).
Modbus Protocol	Modbus Protocol MODBUS Protocol is an application layer messaging protocol that provides client/sever communications between devices. MODBUS is a request/reply protocol and offers services specified by function codes.
	The size of the MODBUS Protocol Data Unit is limited by the size constraint inherited from the first MODBUS implementation on Serial Line network (max. RS485 Application Data Unit = 256 bytes).
	Therefore, MODBUS PDU for serial line communication $= 256 - Server$ address (1 byte) $- CRC$ (2 bytes) $= 253$ bytes.
	RS485 ADU = 253 + Server address (1 byte) + CRC (2 bytes) = 256 bytes.
	For more information on MODBUS go to the web site http://www.modbus.org/.
	Command Request: <meter address=""> <function code=""> <register address="" high="" start=""> <register start address low> <register count="" high=""> <register count="" low=""> <crc high=""> <crc low=""></crc></crc></register></register></register </register></function></meter>
	Command Response: <meter address=""> <function code=""> <data byte="" count=""> <data register<br="">high> <data low="" register=""> <data high="" register=""> <data low="" register=""> <crc high=""> <crc low=""></crc></crc></data></data></data></data></data></function></meter>
	NOTE: The data shown in brackets $< >$ represents one byte of data.
Modbus Indicators	Modbus Indicators LED indicator LP3 cycles on and off to indicate that the FT1 is operating. LED indicator LP2 blinks when Modbus signals are received and LP1 blinks when Modbus signals are transmitted.



|||/



FT1 Commands Supported by Modbus

FT1 Commands Supported

FT1 Commands Supported

The FT1 supports the following commands:

1) Command 03: Read holding registers

2) Command 04: Read input register.

3) Command 06: Preset single register

Read Holding Registers (command 03)

This command reads the basic variable from the FT1 and has the following format:

Request:

<Meter Address> <Command code=03> <Register start address high>

<Register start address low> <Register count high> <Register count low> <CRC high> <CRC low>

Response:

<Meter Address> <Command code=03> <Byte count> <Data high><Data low> ... <Data high><Data low> <CRC high> <CRC low>

Example:

Request data register at starting address 0x0000 and specifying only 1 register

<0x01> <0x03> <0x00> <0x00> <0x01> <0x0a> <0x84>

Response:

<0x01> <0x03> <0x02> <xx> <xx> <CRC high> <CRC low>

Where xx xx is the data register value.

Table 5.1: FT1 Modbus Holding Registers

Register Address	Modbus Address	Data Type	Scaling	Comment
0x00	40001	Flow in Eng units (low)	No	Mass flow in selected units
0x01	40002	Flow in Eng units (high)	No	
0x02	40003	Total (low)	No	Total in selected units
0x03	40004	Total (High)	No	
0x04	40005	Temperature (low)	*10	Temperature in selected units * 10
0x05	40006	Temperature (high)	*10	
0x06	40007	Elapsed time (low)	*10	Elapsed time in hours * 10
0x07	40008	Elapsed time (high)	*10	
0x08	40009	Spare/not used		
0x09	40010	Spare/not used		
0x0A	40011	Flow in Eng units * 10	10	Mass flow in selected units * 10
0x0B	40012	Flow in Eng units *100	100	Mass flow in selected units * 100
0x0C	40013	Total *100	100	Total in selected units * 100





FT1 Commands Supported by Modbus

Register Address	Modbus Address	Data Type	Scaling	Comment
0x0D	40014	Spare/ Not used		
0x0E	40015	Spare/ Not used		
0x0F	40016	Status	No	Status
0x10	40017	Status 2	No	
0x11	40018	Control Register (Write Only)	No	Control Register
0x12	40019	Spare/ Not used		
0x13	40020	Flow in Eng units (float, upper 16 bits)	No	Mass flow in selected units
0x14	40021	Flow in Eng units (float, lower 16 bits)	No	Mass flow in selected units
0x15	40022	Total in Eng units (float, upper 16 bits)	No	Total in selected units
0x16	40023	Total in Eng units (float, lower 16 bits)	No	Total in selected units
0x17	40024	Spare/ Not used		
0x18	40025	Spare/ Not used		
0x19	40026	Temperature in selected units (float, upper 16 bits)	No	Temperature in selected units
0x1A	40027	Temperature in selected units (float, lower 16 bits)	No	Temperature in selected units
0x1B	40028	Elapsed time in hours (float, upper 16 bits)	No	Elapsed time in hours
0x1C	40029	Elapsed time in hours (float, lower 16 bits)	No	Elapsed time in hours
0x1D	40030	Zero CAL-CHECK (float, upper 16 bits)	No	
0x1E	40031	Zero CAL-CHECK (float, lower 16 bits)	No	
0x1F	40032	Spare/ Not used		
0x20	40033	Spare/ Not used		
0x21	40034	Spare/ Not used		
0x22	40035	Spare/ Not used		
0x23	40036	Spare/ Not used		
0x37	40056	Gas Select (int, low register)	No	Gas select: single gas, mix gas or O&G mix
0x38	40057	Gas select (int, msb register)	No	Gas select: single gas, mix gas or O&G mix
0x39	40058	CH4 percent (float LSB)	No	CH4 percent
0x3A	40059	CH4 percent (float MSB)	No	CH4 percent
0x3B	40060	CO2 percent (float LSB)	No	CO2 percent
0x3C	40061	CO2 percent(float MSB)	No	CO2 percent
0x3D	40062	N2 percent (float LSB)	No	N2 percent
0x3E	40063	N2 percent (float MSB)	No	N2 percent
0x3F	40064	Air percent (float LSB)	No	Air percent
0x40	40065	Air percent (float MSB)	No	Air percent
0x41	40066	Argon percent (float LSB)	No	Argon percent
0x42	40067	Argon percent (float MSB)	No	Argon percent
0x43	40068	Propane percent (float LSB)	No	Propane percent



NOTE: Registers A, B & C are provided to get more resolution for low flow and total. When value exceeds the 16 bit registers, they will be frozen with all 16 bits set.



FT1 Commands Supported by Modbus

Register Address	Modbus Address	Data Type	Scaling	Comment
0x44	40069	Propane percent (float MSB)	No	Propane percent
0x45	40070	Helium percent (float LSB)	No	Helium percent
0x46	40071	Helium percent (float MSB)	No	Helium percent
0x47	40072	Oxygen percent (float LSB)	No	Oxygen percent
0x48	40073	Oxygen percent (float MSB)	No	Oxygen percent
0x49	40074	Butane percent (float LSB)	No	Butane percent
0x4A	40075	Butane percent (float MSB)	No	Butane percent
0x4B	40076	Hydrogen percent (float LSB)	No	Hydrogen percent
0x4C	40077	Hydrogen percent (float MSB)	No	Hydrogen percent

Read Input Register

Read Input Register (FT1 Status, Command 04)

This command is used to report the FT1 status information.

Request:

<Meter Address> <Command code=04> <Register address =0> <Register address =0> <Register count =0> <Register count =1> <CRC high> <CRC low>

Response:

<Meter Address> <Command code=04> <Byte count =2> <Status High><Status Low> <CRC high> <CRC low>

Table 5 2.	Statue Rite	Definitions for	r Command 0/	Modbus Address 30001
Iavit J.L.	Status Dits		00111111a110 0 4 ,	INIOUDUS AUULESS SOODI

Bit	Definition	Comment
0	Power up indication	Cleared when out of the power up sequence
1	Flow rate reached high limit threshold	Set limit to zero to disable
2	Flow rate reached low limit threshold	Set limit to zero to disable
3	Temperature reached high limit threshold	Set limit to zero to disable
4	Temperature reached low limit threshold	Set limit to zero to disable
5	Sensor reading is out of range	Check sensor wiring
6	Gas mix error	Gas mix must total 100%
7	Incorrect Settings	Check settings
8	In simulation mode	Set simulation value to 0 to disable
9	Pulse/alarm output is out of range	Check pulse/alarm output settings
10	Analog 4-20 mA for flow/temp is out of range	Check analog output settings
11	Not used	Not used
12	Not used	Not used
13	Not used	Not used
14	CRC error	Check parameters and reset CRC
15	Error in Total	Reset total to clear alarm



Table 5.3: Status 2 Bits Definitions for Command 04, Modbus Address 30002

Bit	Definition	Comment
0	Pulse hardware detected	
1	Busy	Busy
2	Not used	Not used
3	Not used	Not used
4	Zero CAL-CHECK in process	
5	Zero CAL-CHECK fail	
6	Zero CAL-CHECK aborted	
7	Zero CAL-CHECK warning	

Preset Single

Preset Single Register (Command 06)

Register

This command is used to perform miscellaneous functions such as clearing the totalizer and elapsed time. The register address is Modbus = 40018 and the data to write is described below.

Request:

<Meter Address> <Command code=06> <Register address high=0x00> <Register address low=0x11> <Register data high=0x00> <Register data low =0x02> <CRC high> <CRC low>

Response:

<Meter Address> <Command code=06> <Register address =0x00> <Register address =0x11> <Register data=0x00> <Register data =0x02> <CRC high> <CRC low>

Reset Total:

Address = 40018, data = 0x02This command is used to clear the Totalizer and elapsed time registers

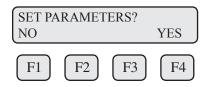


Modbus Programming

Programming

Enter the Programming Mode - RS485 Modbus RTU

Press the **F1** or the **F2** key repeatedly, in the normal running mode, until the following screen is shown. This enters the programming mode:



Press **YES (F4)** and then the following screen will prompt the user to enter the password if enabled:

PASW	D:		
UP	DN	NXT	OK
[F1]	[F2]	[F3]	(F4)

Enter the correct password. Default password for Level 1 is 1234.

Press the UP (F1) or DN (F2) key to select a new digit or character, the cursor points to the selected digit. Press NXT (F3) to select the next digit and OK (F4) to accept the entry.

If the wrong password is entered, the message "Wrong Password" will be displayed for a few seconds and then return to the programming entry screen. If the password is accepted, the following screen will be shown:

MAIN MENU				
I/O	FLO	DSP	EXIT	
	\frown	\frown	\frown	
F1	F2	F3	F4	

This is the Main Menu for the programming mode. To exit the programming mode, press **EXIT (F4)** repeatedly until "Normal Mode" is seen briefly.



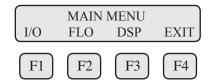


Modbus Programming

Modbus Communication Parameters

Communication Protocol and Parameters

To program the communication parameters, start at the Main Menu:



Then press I/O (F1) to set Inputs/Outputs:

	SET	I/O	
COM		420	EXIT
F1	F2	F3	F4

Then press **COM (F1)** to select communication parameters.

Set Bus protocol for Modbus:

Comn	n=Modbu	15	
NXT			OK
			F4
F1	F2	F3	[F4]

Press **NXT (F1)** repeatedly until Modbus is selected as shown and then press **OK (F4)** to accept the setting.

The following communication parameters are only available for MODBUS:

Baud=9600 NXT			OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

Press **NXT (F1)** repeatedly until the correct selection is shown and then press **OK (F4)** to accept the setting.

Selections are:

110200	
"76800"	
"57600"	
"38400"	
"19200"	
"9600"	
"4800"	
"2400"	
"1200"	

"115200"



Modbus Programming

Modbus Communication Parameters

Parity= NXT	EVEN		OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

Press **NXT (F1)** repeatedly until the correct selection is shown and then press **OK (F4)** to accept the setting.

Selections are:	"NONE" "ODD" "EVEN"	
Address=02 CHG		OK
F1 F2	F3	F4

Press CHG (F1) to change the address and then press OK (F4) to accept the setting.

Selections are between 01 and 247.



NOTE: Power cycle is required for the new settings to take effect.



BACnet Introduction

BACnet Introduction

Scope

This portion of the manual describes the BACnet MS/TP implementation using RS485 serial communication physical layer for the Fox Thermal Instruments FT1 Mass flow meter.

BACnet Protocol BACnet Protocol

BACnet MS/TP (Building Automation and Control Network /Master Slave Token Passing) is a data link layer protocol designed for communication between devices in building automation control systems. The protocol is based on devices, objects, properties, and services. Information inside a BACnet device is organized into a series of objects. Properties allow the data from the object to be written or read. The actions that a BACnet device uses to interact with another device are the services.

The FT1 Device profile: BACnet Smart Sensor (B-SS)

FT1 supports the following device binding methods:

Receive Who-Is, send I-Am (BIBB DM-DDB-B) Receive Who-Has, send I-Have (BIBB DM-DOB-B)

Objects for FT1:

Analog Input 1 = Flow Analog Input 2 = Gas Temperature Analog Input 3 = Total Flow / Reset Total Analog Input 4 = Elapsed Time since reset

BACnet Indicators

BACnet Indicators

LED indicator LP3 cycles on and off to indicate that the FT1 is operating. LED indicator LP2 blinks when BACnet signals are received and LP1 blinks when BACnet signals are transmitted.



BACnet Protocol

BACnet Protocol Device object property identifiers and restrictions: (properties that are writable)

Object _Name	< 10 bytes
Object _ Identifier	Device Type only
Max _ info_ Frames	<=255
Max _ Master	<=127

BACnet Interoperability Building Blocks (BIBB'S) provide function capabilities for data exchange between devices.

FT1 BIBB's supported:

DS-RP-B Read Property
DS-WP-B Write Property
DM-DDB-B Dynamic Device Binding
DM-DOB-B Dynamic Object Binding
DM-DCC-B Device Communication Control
DS-RPM-B ReadPropertyMultiple
DM-RD-B Reinitialize Device

MS/TP baud rates:

9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800, 115200

FT1 Character sets supported:

ANSI X3.4, UTF-8

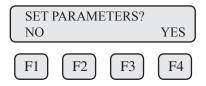
Fox Thermal Instruments BACnet vendor ID: 650

For more information about BACnet visit http://www.bacnet.org/.

BACnet Programming

Enter the Programming Mode - BACnet MS/TP

Press the F1 or the F2 key repeatedly, in the normal running mode, until the following screen is shown. This enters the programming mode:



Press **YES (F4)** and then the following screen will prompt the user to enter the password if enabled:







BACnet Programming

PASV	VD:_		
UP	DN	NXT	OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

Enter the correct password. Default password for Level 1 is 1234.

BACnet Communication Parameters

BACnet

Programming

Communication Protocol and Parameters

To program the communication parameters, press I/O (F1) key from the main menu.



This is the main menu for the programming mode. To exit the programming mode, press **EXIT (F4)** repeatedly until "Normal Mode" is seen briefly. Choose I/O (F1) to access the communication output.

	SET	I/O	
COM		420	EXIT
\square	\square	\square	\square
F1	F2	F3	[F4]

Then press COM (F1) to select communication parameters

Set Bus protocol for BACnet:

Comm=	=BACnet	;	
NXT			OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

Press **NXT (F1)** until BACnet is selected as shown and then press **OK (F4)** to accept the setting.

Baud=9600 NXT		OK
F1 F2	F3	F4

Press **NXT (F1)** repeatedly until the correct selection is shown and then press **OK (F4)** to accept the setting.

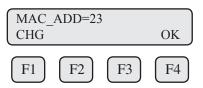
Selections are:

"9600" "19200" "38400" "57600" "76800" "115200"

BACnet Programming

BACnet Communication Parameters

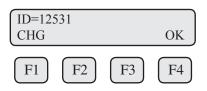
Next select the MS/TP Mac address. The selection is from 0-127. Please note that only one device can be on a MS/TP Mac address.



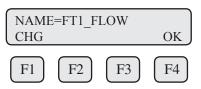
Next select the MS/TP Max Master using **CHG (F1)**. The selection is from 0-127. Press **OK (F4)** to accept the setting.

MAX_MASTER=127			
CHG			OK
\square	\square	\square	\square
F1	F2	F3	F4

Next input the device object instance using **CHG (F1)**. Selection is from 0-4194303. Press **OK (F4)** to accept the setting.



Next enter the device object name (9 characters maximum) using **CHG (F1)**. Press **OK (F4)** to accept the setting.



0

NOTE: Power cycle is required for the new settings to take effect.



HART Introduction

HART Introduction	Revision 7.1. This so HART Protocol imple The functionality of th	ruments' Model FT1 transm ection specifies all the devic mentation details (e.g., the l nis Field Device is describec ess and its complete suppor	e-specific features an Engineering Unit Code I sufficiently to allow it	d documents s supported). is proper
Purpose	Communication pers The specification in t capable Host Applica Users. It also provid requirements) used c	s a complete description of t pective. his section is designed to be tion Developers, System Int es functional specifications luring development, mainter assumes the reader is famili	e a technical reference tegrators and knowled (e.g., commands and nance and testing. The	e for HART geable End performance e information
References	References HART Smart Commu the HCF.	nications Protocol Specifica	ation. HCF_SPEC-12.	Available from
Device Identification	Device Identification	I		
	Manufacturer Name: Manufacturer ID Code: HART Protocol Revision Number of Device Variables Physical Layers Supported Physical Device	Fox Thermal Instruments, Inc. 24635 (603b hex) 7.1 None FSK Transmitter,	Model Name(s): Device Type Code: Device Revision:	FT1 57583 (EOEF Hex) 1
	Category	DC-isolated Bus Device		

|||





HART Protocol

HART Protocol

Product Overview

HART communication is transmitted over the FT1 4 to 20mA flow output signal and can be monitored and configured using a HART master device or a hand-held communicator.

Process Flow Rate 4 to 20mA Analog Output

The 4 to 20mA output of the FT1 HART represents the process flow rate measurement, linearized and scaled according to the configured range of the instrument. This output corresponds to the Primary Variable. HART Communication is supported on this loop.

The 4 to 20mA output of the FT1 should be configured for flow rate when using HART. If the 4 to 20mA output is set to report temperature, HART communication will report the 4 to 20mA value for temperature rather than flow.

HART Indicators

LED indicator LP3 cycles on and off to indicate that the FT1 is operating. LED indicator LP2 blinks when HART signals are received and LP1 blinks when HART signals are transmitted (if nothing is connected to the 4 to 20mA output, LP2 will be on continuously).

HART Setup

FT1 HART Communication Setup

HART communication must be selected in the FT1 Serial Communication menu for HART communication to operate. When this communication parameter is changed, power to the FT1 must be cycled for it to take effect.



NOTE: Power cycle is required for the new settings to take effect.

Device Variables

This device does not expose any Device Variables.

Dynamic Variables

Four Dynamic Variables are implemented.

	Meaning	Units
PV	Flow Rate	In Selected Units
SV	Total	In Selected Units
ΤV	Temperature	In Selected Units
QV	Elapsed Time	In Hours





StatusStatus InformationInformationDevice Status

Bit 4 ("More Status Available") is set when any failure is detected. Command #48 provides additional detail.

Extended Device Status

This bit is set if a sensor error is detected. "Device Variable Alert" is set if the PV is out of limit.

Additional Additional Device Status (Command #48)

Device Status

Command #48 returns 2 Device-Specific Status bytes of data, with the following status information:

These bits are set when an alarm or error condition is present. The bit automatically clears when the condition returns to its normal state.

Byte	Bit	Meaning	Class
0	0	Power up indication	Status
	1	High Flow Limit Alarm	Alarm
	2	Low Flow Limit Alarm	Alarm
	3	High Temperature Limit Alarm	Alarm
	4	Low Temperature Limit Alarm	Alarm
	5	Sensor out of range	Error
	6	Mix error	Alarm
7		Check Parameter Settings	Error
1	0	In Simulation Mode	Alarm
	1	Frequency output ot of range	Alarm
	2	CH 1 4 to 20mA out of range	Alarm
	3	Not used	
	4	Not used	
	5	Not used	
	6	CRC database error	Error
	7	Error with Total	Error



HART Programming

Common	
Commands	

Common-Practice Commands, Supported Commands

The following common-practice commands are implemented:

- 34 Write Damping Value
- 35 Write Range Values
- 36 Set PV Upper Range Values
- 37 Set PV Lower Range Values
- 38 Reset "Configuration Changed" Flag
- 40 Enter/Exit Fixed Current Mode
- 44 Write PV Units
- 45 Trim Loop Minimum
- 46 Trim Loop Maximum
- 48 Read Additional Device Status (Command #48 returns 2 bytes of data)
- 59 Write Number of Response Preambles

Common-Practice Commands, Unsupported Commands

Burst Mode- This device does not support Burst Mode. **Catch Device Variable-** This device does not support Catch Device Variable. **Device-Specific Commands-** No Device-Specific commands are implemented.

Modes

Fixed current mode is implemented, using Command 40. This mode is cleared by power loss or reset.

Damping

Damping is standard, affecting only the PV and the loop current signal.

Capability Checklist

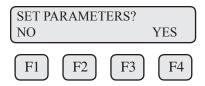
Manufacturer, model	Fox Thermal Instruments, FT1
Device type	Transmitter
HART revision	7.1
Device Description available	No
Number and type of sensors	1
Number and type of actuators	0
Number and type of host side signals	1 : 4 to 20mA analog
Number of Device Variables	0
Number of Dynamic Variables	4
Mappable Dynamic Variables	No
Number of common-practice commands	17
Number of device-specific commands	0
Bits of additional device status	8
Alternative operating modes	No
Burst mode	No
Write-protection	Yes





Enter the Programming Mode - HART

Press the F1 or the F2 key repeatedly, in the normal running mode, until the following screen is shown. This enters the programming mode:



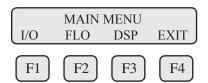
Press **YES (F4)** and then the following screen will prompt the user to enter the password if enabled:

PASWI UP	D:_ DN	NXT	OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

Enter the correct password. Default password for Level 1 is 1234.

Communication Protocol and Parameters

To program the communication parameters, press **I/O (F1)** key from the main menu.



This is the main menu for the programming mode. To exit the programming mode, press **EXIT (F4)** repeatedly until "Normal Mode" is seen briefly. Choose I/O (F1) to access the communication output.

	SET	[/O	
СОМ	PUL	420	EXIT
F1	F2	F3	F4

Then press COM (F1) to select communication parameters

Set Bus protocol for HART:

Comm= NXT	HART		OK
F1	F2	F3	F4

Press NXT (F1) until HART is selected as shown and then press OK (F4) to accept the setting.



Precautions



PRECAUTIONS

WARNING! BEFORE ATTEMPTING ANY MAINTENANCE, TAKE THE NECESSARY SAFETY PRECAUTIONS BEFORE REMOVING THE PROBE FROM THE DUCT (EXAMPLE: PURGE LINES OF TOXIC AND/OR EXPLOSIVE GAS, DEPRESSURIZE, ETC...).

WARNING! EXPLOSION HAZARD. DO NOT REMOVE OR REPLACE COMPONENTS OR FUSES UNLESS POWER HAS BEEN DISCONNECTED WHEN A FLAMMABLE OR COMBUSTIBLE ATMOSPHERE IS PRESENT.

WARNING! EXPLOSION HAZARD. DO NOT DISCONNECT EQUIPMENT WHEN A FLAMMABLE OR COMBUSTIBLE ATMOSPHERE IS PRESENT.

Access to Electronics

Accessing electronics is not normally required for maintenance purposes. If a loose connection is suspected, unscrew the cap of the meter, unscrew the two phillips captive screws through the display and open the display assembly to access the wiring terminations.

CAUTION! BE SURE POWER TO METER IS SWITCHED OFF BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO ACCESS ELECTRONICS. If there is a problem and a loose connection is not found, please contact Fox Customer Service for technical assistance at (831) 384-4300.



Model FT1

Maintenance

Broken or Damaged Probe

If the sensor is broken or damaged, the probe and electronics must be returned to the factory for repair. A new sensor will be installed and calibrated. Refer to "Returning Your Meter" on p. 97.

Flow Calibration and Calibration Validation

To ensure continued high accuracy of your Model FT1 Flow Meter, Fox Thermal Instruments Inc. provides a full NIST traceable calibration. It is recommended that the meter be returned to Fox for a calibration check in our NIST traceable labs after two years of operation to maintain absolute accuracy. It is recommended that the meter's accuracy be checked annually by performing the Zero CAL-CHECK® Calibration Validation test.

Fuse Replacement

WARNING! *Turn input power OFF before removing or installing a fuse. Use only recommended fuse replacements.*

Verify the fuse is defective by measuring it with an Ohm Meter (Two replacement fuses are provided with each unit). Replacement fuse is Littlefuse part number 0454.750MR

To replace the fuse:

The fuse F1 is located near the power terminal block and can be removed by using tweezers or needle-nose pliers.

Sensor Cleaning

The sensor is insensitive to small amounts of residue, but continued use in dirty environments will necessitate periodic cleaning. To inspect the sensor, remove power from electronics and remove the unit from the pipe or duct, exposing the sensor elements. If they are visibly dirty, clean them with water or alcohol (ethanol) using an appropriate brush until they appear clean again. Even though the sensor elements are rugged, avoid touching them with any solid object and use a light touch while cleaning them.



Instructions for Removing and Inserting the Meter from a Pressurized Pipe using the Retractor

WARNING! Possible injury or damage to equipment may occur if the retractor is not used correctly. Please read the following instructions carefully prior to using the retractor.

CAUTION! Never remove the restraint cable without first closing the Ball Valve and bleeding off pressure.

WARNING! When working with the retractor, do not stand or position any part of your body in the path of the flow meter. An injury may occur if the probe is forced outward by system pressure.

How to Remove the Meter from the Retractor (System Pressurized)

Step 1 - Remove the Probe from the Flow Stream

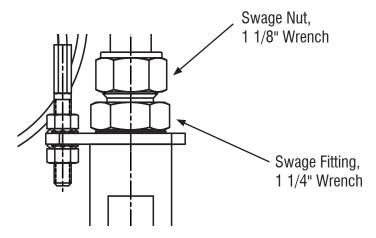
1. Disconnect power from the meter.

NOTE: At 150psig of max system pressure, the probe will have approximately 66 lbs. of force pushing it out.

- 2. System pressure may force the probe out of the retractor when the Swage Nut is loosened. Hold the flow meter to counteract the force of the system pressure, and carefully loosen and unscrew the Swage nut.
- 3. While supporting the meter, slowly slide the probe out of the retractor until the restraint cable is tight.
- 4. Close the ball valve all the way.

CAUTION! At this point there is still pressure inside of the retractor.

Figure 8.1











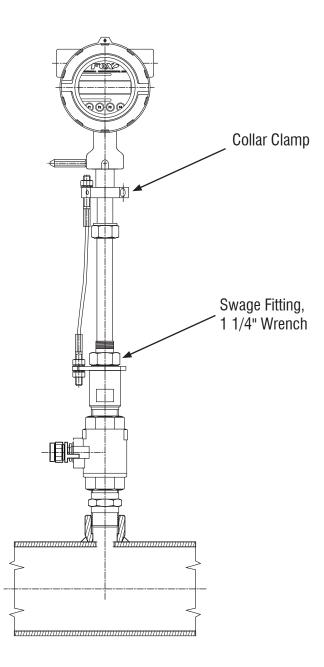




Step 2 - Remove the Probe from the Retractor Body

- 5. After removing the probe from the flow stream (#1-4 on previous page), slowly loosen the Swage Fitting (see figure 8.2), until the pressure in the retractor is relieved.
- 6. Retighten the Swage Fitting.
- 7. Remove the Collar Clamp by using a 3/16" Hex Key.
- 8. Carefully slide the probe out of the retractor while supporting the meter.

Figure 8.2

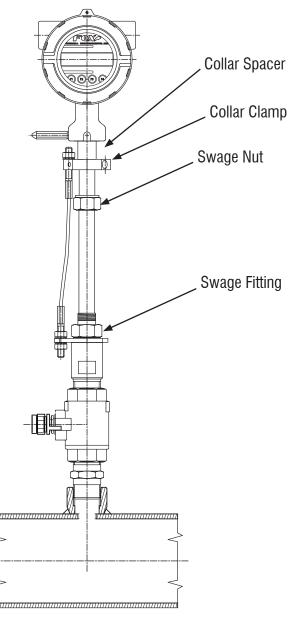




How to Insert the Probe into the Flow Stream (Valve closed, System Pressurized)

- 1. Carefully, slide the probe into the retractor.
- 2. Install the collar clamp just below the collar spacer, and tighten it in place on the probe. Slide the probe back out of the retractor until the cable is straight and taut.

Figure 8.3





NOTE: At a maximum system pressure of 150psig, the force required to push the probe in place to tighten the Swage Nut will be approximately 66 lbs.

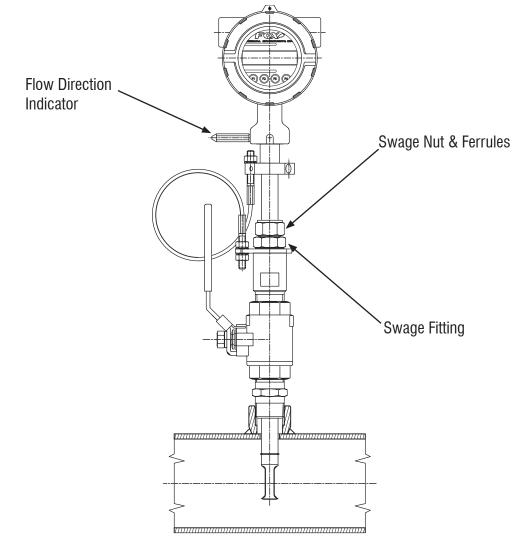
3. Slowly open the ball valve to the full open position. Push the meter and probe into the pipe, then hand tighten the Swage Nut onto the Swage Fitting.



Model FT1

4. Verify that the probe is aligned with the centerline of the pipe, and pointed in the direction of flow.

Figure 8.4



- 5. Secure the probe in place by tightening the Swage Nut with a 1 1/8" wrench and a 1 1/4" wrench on the Swage Fitting. See p. 21 of the manual for detailed instructions to tighten the swage nut.
- 6. Power may now be applied to the meter.



Troubleshooting: General

Troubleshooting



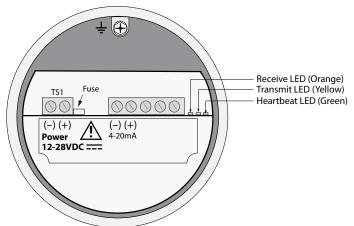
Troubleshooting

CAUTION! The electronics and sensor supplied by Fox are calibrated as a single precision mass flow meter. Interchanging sensors will decrease the accuracy of the flow meter. If you experience any problem with your Model FT1 Flow meter, call Fox Customer Service Department, Technical Assistance at (831) 384-4300.

LED Indicators

The LED indicators near the terminal blocks of the FT1 display the status of the FT1. The Heartbeat LED blinks fast when the FT1 is powered up, and blinks about once a second when the FT1 operates normally.

The Transmit and Receive LEDs blink when messages are sent and received through serial communication. The Receive LED may be illuminated if the FT1 has HART communication and the 4 to 20mA output is not connected.



Problem	Possible Cause(s)	Action(s)
Display not operating properly	1. Loose or damaged ribbon	1. Visual inspection.
	cable 2. Temperature below -20°C	2. Cycle the power to reset the meter.
	2. Temperature below -20 0	 Display should operate when ambient temperature is above -20°C
Flow measurement	1. Probe not oriented properly	1. Orient probe per installation sections:
seems low	2. Sensor dirty	Insertion (p. 17),
		2. Perform Zero CAL-CHECK test (p. 56)
		3. Clean sensor (p. 81)
Unit will not power-up	1. No power input	1. Check for correct power supply voltage at
	2. Power connections	TS1 on main board.
3		2. Check fuse (F1) located next to TS1 on main
		board.
4. Bad fuse		If fuse is OK and unit still won't power up, call Fox for additional assistance



Problem	Possible Cause	Action
Meter resets	 Electromagnetic interference (EMI) Low power supply voltage or intermittent power 	 Check meter power cycles value Press and release F1 and F2 at the same time; the display will enter Engineering screens. Press F1 to get to screen #23; record power cycle value. Press F4 to return to normal operation; monitor meter until problem returns. Return to screen #23 to see if power cycles have increased; microprocessor is resetting due to EMI electrical noise entering the meter. Check Power input and output cables grounding and routing.
Flow measurement is erratic or fluctuating	 Very turbulent flow Sensor dirty Sensor broken Probe not mounted securely Malfunction in flow meter Meter installed incorrectly Low power supply voltage or intermittent power 	 Increase dampening (see filter settings in "Flow Parameters" on p. 48) Clean sensor (Refer to Maintenance section, p. 81) Return flow meter to Fox for repair (Refer to p. 97 for shipping instructions) Remount probe (see Installation section, p. 17); must be mounted securely without vibration. If vibration persists, choose a new mounting location without vibration. Return flow meter to Fox for repair (Refer to p. 97 for shipping instructions) Re-install meter according to instructions (Refer to installation section, p. 17) Check Power input and output cables grounding and routing.

ïT

Model FT1

|||

Troubleshooting: Zero CAL-CHECK®

Troubleshooting Zero CAL-CHECK®

Troubleshooting Zero CAL-CHECK®

If the FT1 Meter fails a Zero CAL-CHECK[®] Calibration Validation test, there are a few reasons that could be the cause:

- 1. The sensor may be dirty or damaged
 - Visually inspect the meter for damage. If damage is found, meter may need to be serviced. Contact Fox Technical Assistance at 831-384-4300 for more information
 - Try cleaning the sensor and try the test again
 - If the meter fails again, move to #2
- 2. The sensor may not be properly covered/isolated
 - Out of Pipe:
 - Wind currents (fans in room included) could be affecting the sensor
 - Be sure to use a clean dry plastic bottle to isolate the sensor
 - In Pipe:
 - Make sure that there is a "no flow" or zero flow condition on the meter's sensor
 - Try the test again
 - If the meter fails again, move to #3
- 3. The meter may not have stabilized properly
 - Make sure the meter is not being affected by vibration or other movement
 - Allow the meter to stabilize without being moved or touched for 15 minutes
 - Try the test again
 - If the meter fails again, contact Fox Technical Assistance at 831-384-4300

ΪT





Installation

Problems

Installation Problems

The following is a summary listing of problems that may be encountered with the installation of the FT1 Thermal Mass Flow Meter.

- 1. Improper wiring connections for power and/or 4 to 20mA output signal. A separate power source is recommended for the FT1 main board and the 4 to 20mA output signals. Two wires supply 24VDC power to the main board. Two wires are used for the 4 to 20mA output signals. Refer to Figure 3.3 and Figure 3.4 (p. 30, p. 31). Also refer to "Wiring Precautions" in Wiring section (p. 26) for further guidance.
- 2. Inadequate power source.

The FT1 requires 12 to 28VDC at up to 6 Watts to operate. A 20 Watt power supply is recommended for powering the FT1 to ensure it operates properly under all conditions. If the voltage supplied at the input terminals of the FT1 is not within the range of 10VDC to 30VDC, a variety of problems can occur including a dim display, inaccurate flow readings or faulty 4 to 20mA, pulse and communication interface.

- 3. Flow measurement seems inaccurate.
 - Check to ensure that the flow meter is installed so that the Flow Direction Indicator below the electronics housing is properly pointing in the direction of flow. Refer to Figure 2.3 (p. 19). If not, change orientation of the sensor.
 - Check that the insertion depth of the sensor/probe is correct. The end of the probe should be adjusted as per Figure 2.2 (p. 18).
 - Ensure that there are a minimum of fifteen diameters of straight pipe upstream of the sensor and ten diameters downstream. If complex flow disturbances are upstream of the sensor, extension of the straight pipe may be required to ensure accurate flow measurement. Contact Fox for assistance.
 - Ensure that pipe inside diameter in the meter matches data on the Fox Calibration Certificate. The pipe inside diameter is programmed into the flow meter through the front panel (see Flow Parameters, p. 48).
- 4. Erratic flow reading (especially a flow reading spiking high). This may be a symptom of moisture in the flow stream. Fox flow meters are designed to work in relatively dry gas applications only. Contact Fox to discuss resolutions to this problem.
- 5. Flow meter is not responding to flow.
 - Check to ensure adequate power is supplied to the flow meter. If things appear • to be correct, perform this functional test before calling Fox. Carefully remove the probe and sensor from the pipe. For those flow meters with a display - and if the display is reading zero - blow on the sensor to see if a response occurs. If nothing happens, take a damp rag or sponge and place it in contact with the sensor. A reading should occur. Contact Fox Customer Service with this information.
- 6. Display and/or 4 to 20mA signal reading above zero flow when no flow is occurring in the pipe.

If the reading is less than 5% of full scale, it is likely this is a normal condition caused by convection flow in the pipe. It does not mean that the zero of the instrument is improperly set. The Fox sensor is extremely sensitive to gas flow and can even read the small flow caused by convection. If this is an unacceptable condition, please contact Fox Customer Service for alternatives.

Troubleshooting: Alarm Codes

Alarm Codes

Alarm Codes

Information to diagnose and clear alarm codes is on p. 7 under the Menu Tree section. Enter password (9111) and follow the block diagram to get to the section affected by the error code.

Alarm Code	Reason	Action
13	Flow rate above high limits	Refer to the FLOW MENU 2 section on p . 48 of this Manual to verify limit is within range. Check ALM = HiFloAlm under PRM.
14	Flow rate below low limits	Refer to the FLOW MENU 2 section on p. 48 of this Manual to verify limit is within range. Check $ALM = LoFloAIm$ under PRM.
15	Temperature above high limits	Refer to the FLOW MENU 2 section on p. 48 of this Manual to verify limit is within range. Check ALM=HiTempAlm under PRM.
16	Temperature below low limits	Refer to the FLOW MENU 2 section on p. 48 of this Manual to verify limit is within range. Check $ALM = LoTempAIm$
22	Sensor out of range	Refer to the ENGINEERING DISPLAY MENU on p. 11 of this Manual to check CSV voltage. The CSV voltage in Display 10 must be within the range of 0.002 to 0.3125 volts.
23	Gas mix error	Gas mix must equal 100%.
25	Simulation mode	Meter is in Simulation Mode. Refer to the FLOW MENU 1 section on p. 52 of this Manual. Use the SIM Section under Diagnostics to return to normal operation.
26	Pulse/alarm output over range	Refer to the DIGITAL OUTPUT MENU on p. 5 of this Manual. Verify the Pulse/alarm Output settings are within limits.
32	4 to 20mA is out of range	Refer to the MAIN MENU on p. 4 of this Manual. Use the Set I/O section to verify range limits.
34	Busy	Meter is recalculating new parameters.
36	Database CRC Error	Refer to the Reset CRC section on p. 51 of this manual. Verify the programmed values are verified and corrected before clearing the error. Contact Fox Service Department for possible causes.



Model FT1

Performance & Performance Specs

Operating Specs Flow Accuracy:

Air: $\pm 1\%$ of reading $\pm 0.5\%$ of full scale Other gases: $\pm 1.5\%$ of reading $\pm 0.5\%$ of full scale Accuracy specification applies to customer's selected flow range Maximum range: 15 to 15,000 SFPM (0.07 to 71 NMPS) Minimum range: 15 to 1,000 SFPM (0.07 to 4.7 NMPS) Straight, unobstructed pipe requirement:

15 diameters upstream; 10 downstream

Flow Repeatability: $\pm 0.2\%$ of full scale

Flow Response Time: 0.8 seconds (one time constant)

Temperature Accuracy: $\pm 1^{\circ} F (\pm 0.6^{\circ} C)$

Calibration:

Factory Calibration to NIST traceable standards Zero CAL-CHECK[®]: In situ, operator-initiated calibration validation

Operating Specs

Gas-SelectX[®] Gas Selections:

Methane, Carbon Dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen, Air, Natural Gas, Argon, Propane, Helium, Oxygen, Butane, Hydrogen, 3 gas mix, and more available soon. See the Fox website for more information on availability of current gases.

Units of Measurement (field selectable):

SCFM, SCFH, NM3/H, NM3/M, KG/H, KG/M, KG/S, LB/H, LB/M, LB/S, NLPH, NLPM, MMSCFD, LB/D, SLPM, NLPS, MSCFD, SM3/H, MT/H, NM3/D, MMSCFM, SCFD, MCFD, SM3/M, SM3/D

Flow Velocity Range:

15 to 15,000 SFPM (0.07 to 71 NMPS) Turndown: up to 1000:1; 100:1 typical

Flow Ranges			
Pipe Diameter	SCFM	NM ³ /hr	
1.5" (40mm)	0-210	0-330	
2" (50mm)	0-350	0-550	
3" (80mm)	0-770	0-1,210	
4" (100mm)	0-1,330	0-2,100	
6" (150mm)	0-3,000	0-4,730	
8" (200mm)	0-5,210	0-8,220	
12" (300mm)	0-11,700	0-18,450	



NOTE: To determine if the FT1 will operate accurately in other pipe sizes, divide the maximum flow rate by the pipe area. The application is acceptable if the resulting velocity is within the velocity range above. Check Fox website for velocity calculator.

Model FT1

Appendices: Specifications

Operating Specs	Gas Pressure (maximum): 300 psig (20.7 barg)* *NOTE: When teflon ferrule option ordered, gas pressure is 60psig (4.1 barg) maximum
	Relative Humidity: Non-condensing NOTE: Condensing liquids contacting the sensor can cause erratic flow indication.
	Temperature: DDC-Sensor™: -40 to 250°F (-40 to 121°C) Enclosure: -40 to 158°F (-40 to 70°C)* *NOTE: Display dims below -4°F (-20°C), function returns once temperature rises again.
	Input Power: 12 to 28VDC, 6 watts minimum (CE requirement) Full Input Power Range: 10 to 30VDC. A 20 Watt or greater power supply is recommended to power the FT1.
	Outputs:

Channel 1:

Standard isolated 4 to 20mA output configured to indicate either flow or temperature; fault indication per NAMUR NE43.

The 4 to 20mA load resistance must be 125 ohms or less when operating on 12 volt power and 600 ohms or less on 24 volt power.

HART communication option

Channel 2:

FT1 can be ordered with either the pulse output or serial communication option.

- Pulse option: Isolated open collector output rated for 5 to 24VDC, 10mA maximum load, 0 to 100Hz (the pulse output can be configured to either transmit a 0 to 100Hz signal proportional to flow rate or an on/off alarm).
- Serial communication option: Isolated RS485 Modbus RTU or BACnet MS/TP.

USB Communication:

Isolated USB 2.0 for interfacing with a laptop or computer is standard.

FT1 View[™]: A free PC-based software tool that provides complete configuration, remote process monitoring, and data logging functions through USB communication.

4 to 20mA and Pulse Verification:

Simulation mode used to align 4 to 20mA output and pulse output (if ordered) with the input to customer's PLC/DCS.





Appendices: Specifications

Physical Specs Sensor material: 316 stainless steel			
	Enclosure: NEMA 4, aluminum, dual ³ ⁄4" FNPT conduit	entries.	
	Retractor Assembly: 150 psig (10.3 barg) max		
	Flow Meter Installation: Fox-supplied compression fitting connects coupling welded to pipe.	to customer-supplied ¾" female	
Agency			
Approvals	Agency Approvals CE Mark: Approved EMC Directive; 2014/30/EU Emissions and Immunity Testing: EN61326	-1:2013	
	FM (FM16US0005X) and FMc (FM16CA0005) Class I, Division 1, Groups B,C,D; Class II, Division 1, Groups E,F,G; Class III, Division 1; T4, Ta = - 40 °C to 70 Class 1, Zone 1, AEx/Ex db IIB + H2 T4; Gi Type 4X, IP66/67	°C;	
	ATEX (FM16ATEX0013X): Approved II 2 G Ex db IIB + H2 T4; Gb Ta = - 40°C t II 2 D Ex tb IIIC T135°C; Db Ta = - 40°C to		
	IECEx (IECEx FMG 16.0010X): Approved Ex db IIB + H2 T4; Gb Ta = - 40°C to 70°C; IP66/67 Ex tb IIIC T135°C; Db Ta = - 40°C to 70°C; IP66/67		
	ATEX and IECEx Standards: EN 60079-0:2012 + A11:2013 EN 60079-1:2014 EN 60079-31:2014 EN 60529:1991 + A1:2000	IEC 60079-0:2011 IEC 60079-1:2014 IEC 60079-31:2013 IEC 60529:2001	



Appendices: Dimensions



Fig. 7.1 Insertion Meter Dimensions Measurements shown in inches (millimeters).

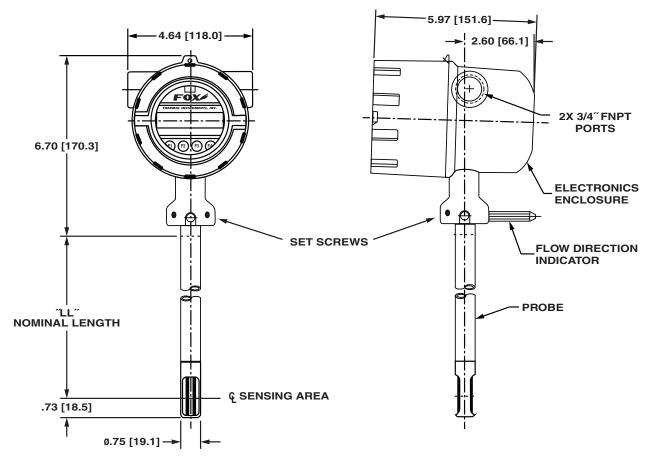


Table 7.1 Insertion Meter with 316 stainless steel probe

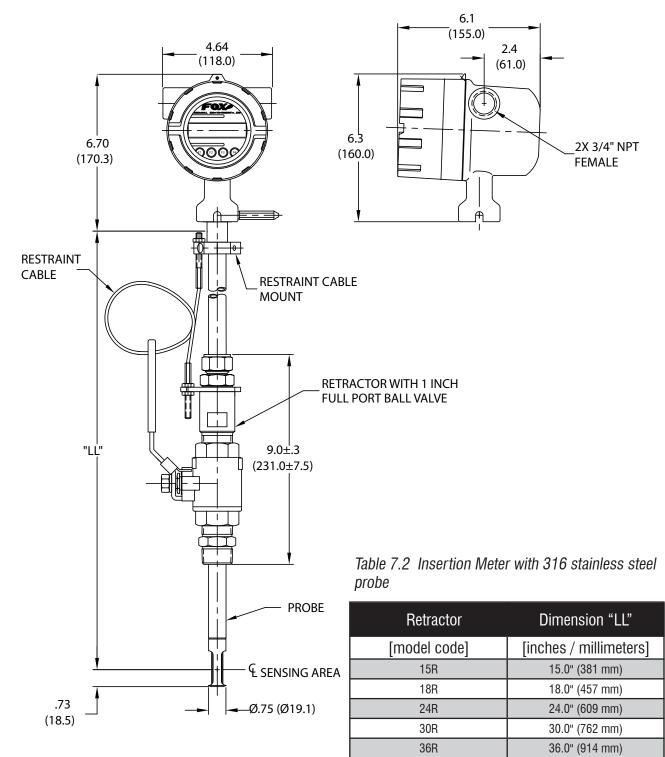
Probe Size	Probe Size	Dimension "LL"
[model code]	[inches]	[inches / millimeters]
061	6"	6.0" (152 mm)
091	9"	9.0" (229 mm)
121	12"	12.0" (305 mm)
151	15"	15.0" (381 mm)
181	18"	18.0" (457 mm)
241	24"	24.0" (610 mm)
301	30"	30.0" (762 mm)
361	36"	36.0" (914 mm)





Appendices: Dimensions

Local with Retractor *Fig. 7.2 Insertion Meter with 150 psig Retractor Dimensions* Measurements shown in inches (millimeters).





Appendices: Warranty

Warranty

Warranty

(a) FOX warrants that the products furnished under this Agreement will be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of shipment. The customer shall provide notice of any defect to FOX, within one week after the Customer's discovery of such defect. The sole obligation and liability of FOX, under this warranty shall be repair or replace, at its option, without cost to the Customer, the defective product or part.

(b) Upon request by FOX, the product or part claimed to be defective shall immediately be returned at the Customer's expense to FOX. Replaced or repaired products or parts will be shipped to the Customer at the expense of FOX. FOX shall have the right of final determination as to the existence and cause of defect.

(c) There shall be no warranty or liability for any products or parts that have been subject to misuse, accident, negligence, failure of electric power or modifications by the Customer without the written approval of FOX. Final determination of warranty eligibility shall be made by FOX. If a warranty claim is considered invalid for any reason, the Customer will be charged for services performed and expenses incurred by FOX, in handling and shipping the returned unit.

(d) The liability of FOX shall be limited to replacing or repairing, at its option, any defective parts which are returned. Labor and related expenses incurred to install replacement parts are not covered by this warranty.

(e) As to replacement parts supplied or repairs made during the original warranty period, the warranty period for the replacement or repaired part shall terminate with the termination of the warranty period of the original product or part.

(f) The use of these products is under exclusive control of the purchaser and FOX specifically denies any responsibility for the calibration of units and/or accuracy of work performed or the safety of the system in which FOX products is used. EXTERNAL SAFETY DEVICES MUST BE USED WITH THIS EQUIPMENT.

(g) No warranty is made with respect to custom equipment or products produced to Buyer's specifications except as specifically stated in writing by FOX and contained in the agreement.

(h) THE FOREGOING WARRANTY CONSTITUTES THE SOLE LIABILITY OF FOX, AND THE CUSTOMER'S SOLE REMEDY WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCTS AND IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, LIABILITIES, AND REMEDIES. EXCEPT AS THUS PROVIDED, FOX, DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.





Returning Your Returning Your Meter

The Fox Thermal Instruments, Inc. Customer Service Department (PH: 831- 384-4300 or FAX: 831-337-5787) can help you through the process of returning a meter for service.

If it becomes necessary to return a Fox flow meter for service or recalibration, please follow these steps:

- 1. A Return Material Authorization (RMA) Number must be obtained from the Fox Customer Service Department prior to returning any Fox meter(s).
- 2. Please have your meter's serial number(s) available.
- 3. Read and complete the Fox RMA Customer Information Form. Be sure to initial the decontamination statement as well as provide complete return shipping instructions (we cannot deliver to post office boxes).
- The entire flow meter must be returned, including all electronics (unless specifically instructed to do otherwise). ALL serial numbers must match their corresponding meters. This is especially necessary when returning flow body models.
- 5. Clean and decontaminate all wetted parts before returning to Fox.
- 6. Ship the meter to the following address:

Fox Thermal Instruments, Inc. 399 Reservation Road Marina, CA 93933 Attn: Service Dept. [RMA Number]



Meter

NOTE: Be sure to review all of the information on the Customer Information Form before sending your meter to the Fox Customer Service Department. The Fox Shipping/Receiving Department cannot accept meters that have not been prepared appropriately.

What to Expect During Servicing

What to expect while your meter is being serviced

Depending on the type of service required when returning your Fox meter, there are varying turnover times for servicing a meter. The average time needed to service the meter is 7-10 days (not including shipping or peak production times).

If you have already shipped your meter to Fox for servicing and would like to check the status of your meter, please fill out our online Service Order Status form located at www.foxthermalinstruments.com and you will hear from a Customer Service Rep within 1 business day of your requested update.

Rush recalibration service is available for a fee. Restrictions apply.

Model FT1 Aa Definitions

Glossarv of 1	Ferms and Definitions	NIST	National Institute of Standards and
AWG	American Wire Gauge		Technology
Bara	Bar absolute	NL	Normal Liter
CTC	Contact	NLPH	Normal Liter per Hour
CAL	Calibration	NLPM	Normal Liter per Minute
CHG	Change	NM3	Normal cubic Meter
СОМ	Communication	NM3/H	Normal cubic Meter per Hour
CSV	Current Sense Voltage	NM3/M	Normal cubic Meter per Minute
DC	Direct Current	NPT	National Pipe Thread
DN	Down	PDA	Personal hand held computer
DSP	Display	PC	Personal Computer
ELP	Elapsed time	P/U	Pulse per Unit
Feq	Frequency	PIP A^2	Pipe Area
Ft^2	Square Feet	PLC	Programmable Logic Controller
I/O	Input/Output	PRM	Parameters
INP	Input	PRS	Pressure
IR	Infrared (IR Buttons $=$ optical	PSIA	Pounds per Square Inch Absolute
	switches)	Pt	Point
LB	Pound	PSW	Password
LB/D	Pound per Day	SIM	Simulation
LB/H	Pound per Hour	SCF	Standard Cubic Feet
LB/M	Pound per Minute	SCFM	Standard Cubic Feet per Minute
LB/S	Pound per Second	SCFH	Standard Cubic Feet per Hour
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display	SCFD	Standard Cubic Feet per Day
KG	Kilogram	SPC	Special Control
KG/H	Kilogram per Hour	STP	Standard Temperature and
KG/M	Kilogram per Minute		Pressure
KG/S	Kilogram per Second	TMP	Temperature
M^2	Square Meter	TSI	Internal Variable
mmHG	Pressure in millimeters of mercury	TSV	Internal Variable
MMSCFD	Million Standard Cubic Feet per Day	UNT	Unit
MXFLO	Maximum Flow	U/P	Unit per Pulse
NEMA	National Electrical Manufactures	420	4 to 20mA output
	Association		



Index

Access to Electronics, p. 26 Alarm Codes, p. 90 Alarm wiring, p. 31 Analog 4 to 20mA output, p. 39 Breakage or Damage of Probe, p. 81 **Dimension Details. p. 94** Discrete output setting, p. 42 **Display Screens**, p. 37 Display Setup, p. 43 Engineering Screens, p. 11 Entering the programming mode, p. 38 Filter value, p. 49 Flow Meter Placement, p. 17 Flow Units, p. 45 Pulse/alarm Output, p. 40 Fuse Replacement, p. 81 Glossarv, p. 98 Installation, **Compression Fitting - Insertion, p. 26 General Precautions**, p. 16 Lateral Placement, p. 17 Mounting, p. 17 Orientation of Meter - Insertion, p. 19 Introduction, p. 14 K Factor, p. 50 Level 2 password, p. 45 Local Display, p. 15 Local Input Wiring, p. 28 Mass Flow, p. 14 Measurement Mode, p. 37 Menu Tree, Digital Output. p. 5 **Display Menu**, p. 8 Engineering Display, p. 9 Gas-SelectX®, p. 10 Main Menu, p. 4 Flow Menu 1. p. 6 Flow Menu 2, p. 7 Zero CAL-CHECK[®] Menu, p. 9 Mounting meter, p. 17 Orientation of meter - Insertion type, p. 19 Password Level 1, p. 45 Level 2, p. 45 Programming, p. 45 Power Input Wiring, p. 28 Preventative Maintenance, p. 81 Product Description, p. 14 Programming

Analog 4 to 20mA Output, p. 39 Alarm Output. p. 42 Changing values or strings, p. 38 Display Setup, p. 43 Filter value, p. 49 Flow cutoff, p. 48 Flow Parameters, p. 48 Flow and maximum pulse/alarm, p. 41 High Alarm Limit value, p. 49 Pulse/alarm Output, p. 40 K Factor, p. 50 Low Alarm Limit value, p. 49 Password, p. 45 Pipe Diameter, p. 49 Programming Mode, p. 38 Pulse-per-unit, p. 41 Restore Database, p. 51 Reset CRC, p. 51 Reset Total/Elapsed Time, p. 52 Selecting from a list, p. 38 Serial Communication, p. 43 Simulation. p. 52 Unit-per-pulse, p. 41 Unit settings, p. 45 Using the Local Display, p. 38 Replacements Fuses, p. 81 Restore Database, p. 51 Reset Total/Elapsed Time, p. 52 Return Procedure, p. 97 Sensor Cleaning, p. 81 Sensor Orientation, p. 19 Simulation Mode, p. 52 Theory of Operation, p. 14 To program the display, p. 44 Totalizer Rollover. p. 52 Troubleshooting, p. 86 Alarm Codes, p. 90 General, p. 87 Installation Problems, p. 89 USB Interface, p. 36 Warranty, p. 95 Wiring Alarms, p. 31 Pulse/Alarm Outputs, p. 31 Grounding, p. 27 Input - Local, p. 28 Instructions, p. 26 Local meters, p. 28 Power Input, p. 28 Precautions, p. 26

DEFINITIONS

Model FT1



Wiring



Definition of Terms



Troubleshooting Tips



Notes and Information



WARNING! is used to indicate a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION! - is used to indicate a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



Indicates compliance with the WEEE Directive. Please dispose of the product in accordance with local regulations and conventions.

CE

Indicates compliance with the applicable European Union Directives for Safety and EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU).

